8.4 Joining

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____ **Total: 14 marks**

KEY WORDS fillet weld • throat • heat input • adhesive bonding

Objective

Size fillet welds through their throat, find the heat input of an arc weld, and estimate the strength of a bonded lap joint and its limits.

1 Key knowledge and worked examples

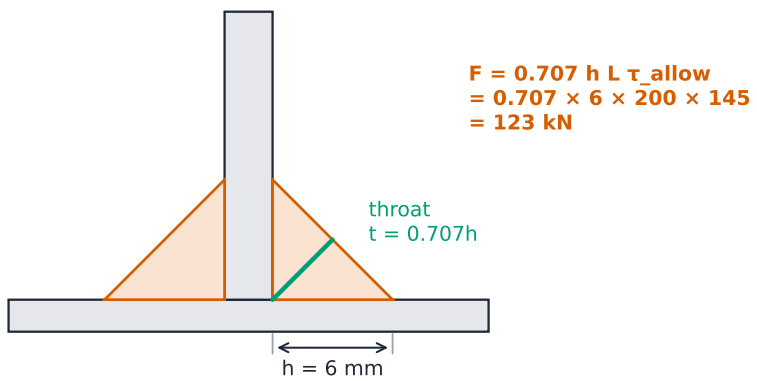
■ Welds and bonds

- A **fillet weld** fails through its **throat** : $t = 0.707h$ for leg size h.
- Weld strength in shear: $F = 0.707\,h\,L\,\tau_{allow}$, with $\tau_{allow} = 0.3S_{ut}$ (145 MPa for E70).
- Arc **heat input** : $H = \eta V I / v$ (J/mm).
- **Adhesive bonding** : average strength $F = \tau A$, but the stress peaks at the overlap ends.

■ Worked example. The bracket welds

Two fillets, each $L = 100$ mm, leg $h = 6$ mm, E70 electrode.

- Throat area $= 0.707hL = 0.707 \times 6 \times 200 = 848$ mm^2.
- $F = 0.707hL\tau_{allow} = 848 \times 145 =$ **123** kN.
- Heat input at 25 V, 200 A, 5 mm/s, $\eta = 0.8$: $H = \eta V I / v = 0.8 \times 25 \times 200/5 =$ **800** J/mm.



2 Practice

E70 electrode, $\tau_{allow} = 145$ MPa.

2.1 Find the throat of an 8 mm fillet weld (two decimals, mm). [2]

2.2 Two 8 mm fillets, each 80 mm long, hold a bracket in shear. Find the allowable load (one decimal, kN). [3]

2.3 The welder runs at 28 V and 220 A, travelling 4 mm/s, with $\eta = 0.8$. Find the heat input (nearest J/mm). Is it higher or lower than the 800 J/mm of the worked example, and what does more heat do to the zone beside the weld? [3]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 A 90 kN shear load is to be carried by two equal 6 mm fillet welds. Find the total and the per-weld length (round up to 5 mm). As an alternative, a single-lap epoxy bond 30×20 mm with average shear strength 20 MPa is proposed for a 12 kN cover. Find its average strength and explain why doubling the overlap would not double it. [6]