

Solutions

Accept equivalent correct methods and supported interpretations. The marks check reasoning; they are not an official grade.

2.1 **A** – $1 - 0.8 = 0.2$. **B** is the remaining fraction, not the decrease; **C** confuses initial quantity with a percentage rate.

Correct response linked to the given case.

2.2 **A** – $x + 3 = x - (-3)$, so $h = -3$ and $k = -7$. **B** reverses the horizontal shift; **C** reverses the vertical coordinate.

Correct response linked to the given case.

2.3 $121 = 100 \cdot 1.1^2 = 121$.

Correct response linked to the given case.

2.4 False – Constant differences indicate a linear relationship; equal ratios support exponential growth.

Correct response linked to the given case.

3.1 Ground means $H = 0$, so $(t - 2)^2 = 4$ and $t = 0, 4$. Domain is $0 \leq t \leq 4$ s. The negative square coefficient gives maximum $H(2) = 12$ m. For $H \geq 9$ m, $(t - 2)^2 \leq 1$, so $1 \leq t \leq 3$ s.

Sound conclusion or proposed method. Relevant supporting steps or textual evidence
. Accurate conditions, checks or qualification.

3.2 $N(t) = 120(1.5)^{t/2}$ cells. $N(4) = 120(1.5)^2 = 270$ cells. The growth is 50% per two hours, not 150%; the four-hour factor is 2.25. The hourly factor would be $\sqrt{1.5}$.

Sound conclusion or proposed method. Relevant supporting steps or textual evidence.
Accurate conditions, checks or qualification.

3.3 Substitute the input before interpreting signs. $g(x) = -2(x - 2)^2 + 5$ has vertex $(2, 5)$ and maximum 5. The old vertex at -1 moved three units right to 2.

Sound conclusion or proposed method. Relevant supporting steps or textual evidence.
Accurate conditions, checks or qualification.