

Variables, constants and types

Ref Pseudocode

The five data types

0478 pseudocode has exactly **five** data types 数据类型. Learn the list — naming a type that is not on it loses the mark.

Type	Holds	Example
INTEGER	a whole number 整数	42, -7
REAL	a number with a decimal part 小数	3.14, -0.5
CHAR	a single character 单个字符	'A'
STRING	a sequence of characters 字符串	"Hello"
BOOLEAN	TRUE or FALSE 布尔值	TRUE

```
DECLARE Age : INTEGER
DECLARE Price : REAL
DECLARE Grade : CHAR
DECLARE Name : STRING
DECLARE Passed : BOOLEAN
Age ← 17
Price ← 2.50
Grade ← 'A'
Name ← "Mei"
Passed ← TRUE
OUTPUT Name, " is ", Age, " and passed: ", Passed
```

- A STRING is written in **double** quotes, a CHAR in **single** quotes.
- TRUE and FALSE are keywords, so they are upper case and carry no quotes.

Common mistakes

- Writing FLOAT, DOUBLE or BOOL. Those are real languages, not this syllabus.
- 'Hello' for a string — single quotes hold one character only.

DECLARE

DECLARE names a variable 变量 and fixes its type before you use it.

```
DECLARE <identifier> : <data type>
```

```
DECLARE Counter : INTEGER
DECLARE TotalToPay : REAL
Counter ← 1
TotalToPay ← 19.99
OUTPUT "Item ", Counter, " costs ", TotalToPay
```

Several names of one type go on a single line, separated by commas:

```
DECLARE Length, Width, Area : INTEGER
Length ← 6
Width ← 4
Area ← Length * Width
OUTPUT "Area = ", Area
```

- Declare a variable **before** its first use, near the top of the algorithm.
- A variable keeps its type for the whole algorithm — an INTEGER never holds "Mei".

Common mistakes

- Leaving out the colon: DECLARE Counter INTEGER.
- Using a variable that was never declared. The exam expects the declaration.

CONSTANT

A **constant** 常量 is a value that is fixed for the whole algorithm — a tax rate, π , the size of a class. Naming it once means a change is made in one place.

```
CONSTANT <identifier> ← <value>
```

```
CONSTANT TaxRate ← 0.20
DECLARE Price, Tax : REAL
Price ← 50.00
Tax ← Price * TaxRate
OUTPUT "Tax to pay: ", Tax
```

- In **0478 the arrow is used**, exactly as for an assignment.
- The value must be a **literal** 字面量 — a number, a string, TRUE — never a calculation and never another variable.
- A constant can never be given a new value later. That is the whole point of it.

Common mistakes

- CONSTANT TaxRate = 0.20. The = form is the A-Level 9618 spelling — see topic 11.

- Assigning to a constant further down the algorithm.