3.4 Trigonometry in 2D and 3D

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____ **Total: 27 marks**

KEY WORDS sine rule • cosine rule

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **trigonometry** in 2D and 3D: right triangles, the sine rule, the cosine rule, the area of a triangle and angles in solids.

You must be able to:

- use Pythagoras and sine, cosine and tangent in right triangles
- use the sine rule and the cosine rule to find sides and angles
- find the area of a triangle with $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$
- find lengths and angles inside 3D shapes

1 Key knowledge and worked examples

■ Trigonometry

idea	rule
right triangle	$a^2+b^2=c^2$; $\sin\theta=\frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$, $\cos\theta=\frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$, $\tan\theta=\frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$
sine rule	$\frac{a}{\sin A}=\frac{b}{\sin B}=\frac{c}{\sin C}$: use it when you know a side and the angle opposite it
cosine rule	$a^2=b^2+c^2-2bc\cos A$: two sides and the angle between them, or three sides
angle from three sides	$\cos A=\frac{b^2+c^2-a^2}{2bc}$
area	$\frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$, with C the angle between sides a and b
3D	find a right triangle inside the solid; the angle between a line and a plane is the angle between the line and the line below it in the plane

Worked example 1: the sine rule. In triangle ABC, $a=8$ cm, $A=40°$ and $B=65°$. Find b.

1. Known: side a and its opposite angle A; angle B.
2. Rule: $\frac{b}{\sin B}=\frac{a}{\sin A}$.

exercises.lol exercises.com.cn

3. Numbers: $b = \frac{8 \sin 65°}{\sin 40°} = \frac{7.250}{0.6428}$.
4. Result: $b = 11.3$ **cm**.

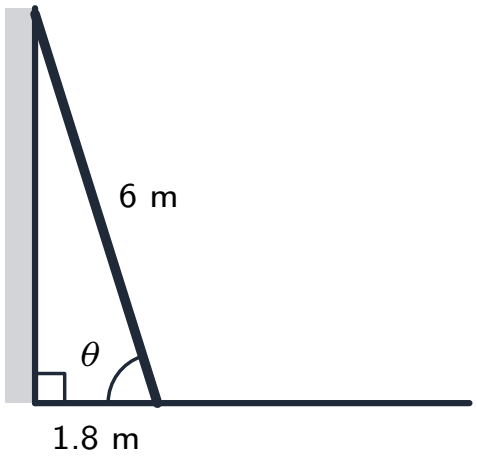
Worked example 2: an angle from three sides. A triangle has sides 5 cm, 7 cm and 8 cm. Find the angle opposite the 7 cm side.

1. Known: $a = 7$, $b = 5$, $c = 8$.
2. Rule: $\cos A = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$.
3. Numbers: $\frac{25 + 64 - 49}{80} = \frac{40}{80} = 0.5$.
4. Result: $A = 60°$.

Answer shapes: give angles to 1 decimal place and lengths to 3 significant figures; keep full calculator values until the end.

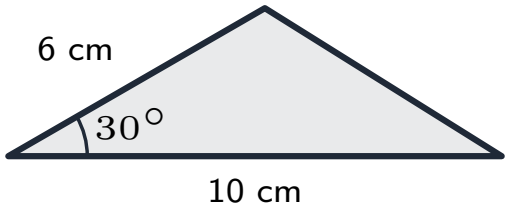
2 Practice

2.1 A ladder of length 6 m leans against a wall. The foot of the ladder is 1.8 m from the wall. Find the angle between the ladder and the ground. [2]

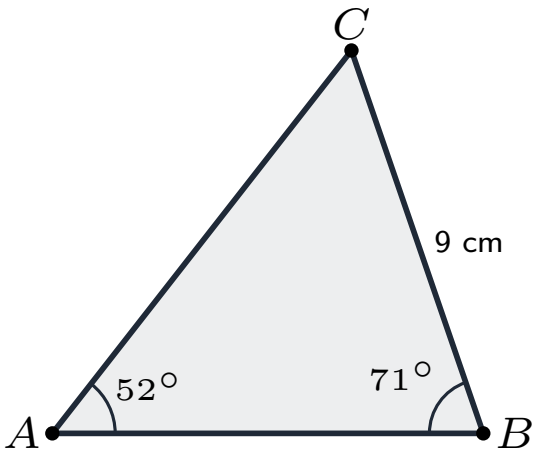


exercises.lol exercises.com.cn

2.2 Find the area of the triangle. [2]



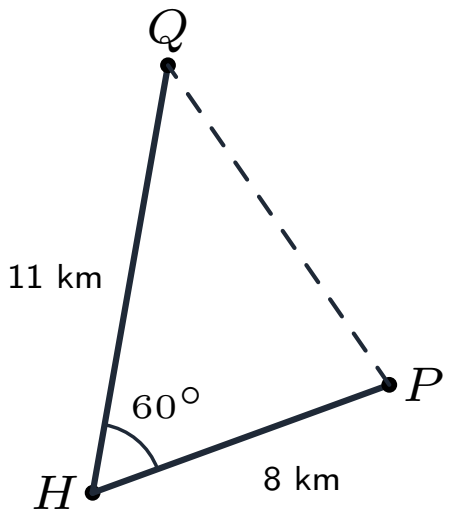
2.3 In triangle ABC, angle $A = 52°$, angle $B = 71°$ and $BC = 9$ cm. Find the length of AC. [2]



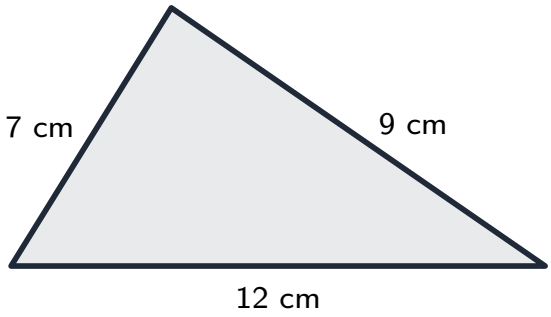
exercises.lol exercises.com.cn

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 Two boats leave a harbour H. One sails 8 km to P. The other sails 11 km to Q. The angle PHQ is 60°. Find the distance PQ. [3]

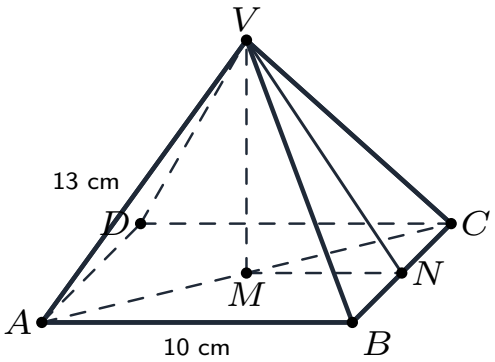


3.2 A triangle has sides 7 cm, 9 cm and 12 cm. Find the largest angle of the triangle. [3]



exercises.lol exercises.com.cn

3.3 $VABCD$ is a pyramid with a square base $ABCD$ of side 10 cm. The top V is directly above the centre M of the base. Each sloping edge, such as VA, is 13 cm. N is the midpoint of BC.



(a) Find the height VM of the pyramid. [3]

(b) Find the angle between the edge VA and the base. [3]

exercises.lol exercises.com.cn

(c) Find the angle between the face VBC and the base. [4]

(d) Find angle AVB. Use $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$ to find the area of triangle VAB. Then find the total surface area of the pyramid. [5]

exercises.lol exercises.com.cn