

6.1 The Earth and the Solar System

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 9 marks

KEY WORDS orbit 轨道 • solar system 太阳系 • orbits and gravity 轨道与引力 • planet 行星
• sun 太阳

Objective

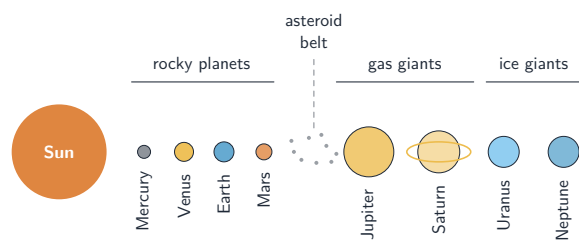
Build the skills to answer exam questions on **the Earth and the Solar System** 地球与太阳系 — day/night/seasons, **orbital speed** $v = \frac{2\pi r}{T}$, the planets, and **orbits and gravity** 轨道与引力.

You must be able to:

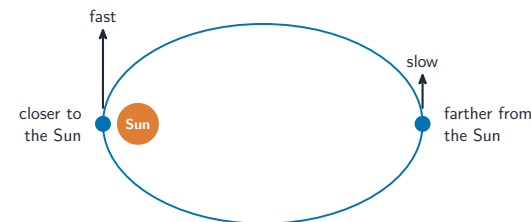
- explain day, year, seasons and Moon phases
- use $v = \frac{2\pi r}{T}$ for an orbit
- describe the Solar System and elliptical orbits

1 Worked examples

Orbits and orbital speed



Four small rocky planets, then the asteroid belt, then four large gaseous planets



An object speeds up when closer to the Sun ($PE \rightarrow KE$) and slows down when farther away

Space station, $r = 7.0 \times 10^6$ m, $T = 5800$ s: $v = \frac{2\pi r}{T} = \frac{2\pi(7.0 \times 10^6)}{5800} \approx 7600$ m/s.

2 Practice

2.1 State what causes day and night. [1]

2.2 Name the force that keeps a planet in orbit around the Sun. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 Compared with the inner planets, the outer planets orbit the Sun: [1]

A B
C D

- A faster
- B more slowly
- C at the same speed
- D in the opposite direction

3.2 A moon orbits a planet at a radius of 4.0×10^8 m with a period of 2.0×10^6 s.

(a) Find its orbital speed. [3]

(b) State what happens to the gravitational field strength of the planet as you move further from it. [1]

3.3 A comet moves in a very stretched elliptical orbit. Explain why it moves fastest when closest to the Sun. [2]
