

4.4 Electrical safety

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 11 marks

KEY WORDS earthing 接地 • live wire 火线 • earth wire 地线 • fuses 保险丝
• neutral wire 零线

Objective

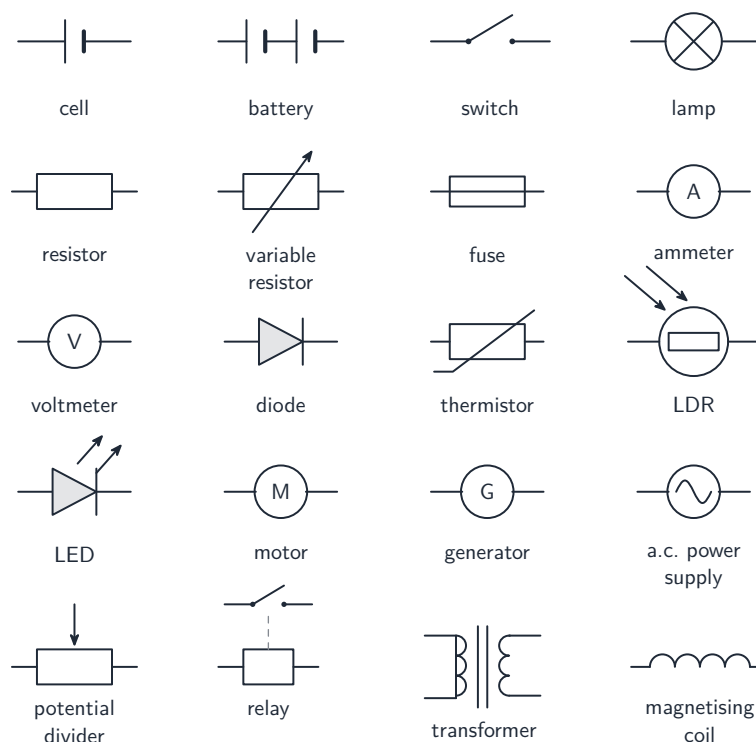
Build the skills to answer exam questions on **electrical safety** 电气安全 — mains **hazards** 危险, the live/neutral/earth wires, and **fuses** 保险丝 and **earthing** 接地.

You must be able to:

- state mains hazards (damaged insulation, overheating, damp, overloading)
- name the three mains wires and the role of each
- explain how a fuse and earthing protect the user

1 Worked examples

■ Fuses and earthing



A fuse is a thin wire that melts and breaks the circuit if the current is too large

- **wires:** live (high voltage), neutral (≈ 0 V), earth (safety wire to ground).
- the switch and fuse go in the **live** wire.
- **earthing:** if a live wire touches a metal case, a large current flows to earth and blows the fuse.
- choose a fuse rating just **above** the normal working current.

2 Practice

2.1 Name the three wires in a mains cable.

[2]

2.2 State one hazard of using mains electricity in damp conditions.

[1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 A fuse should be fitted in the: [1]

A	B
C	D

- A** earth wire
- B** neutral wire
- C** live wire
- D** casing

3.2 An appliance normally draws a current of 8 A. Fuses are available rated 3 A, 5 A, 10 A and 13 A.

(a) State which fuse should be used, and why. [2]

(b) Explain how the fuse protects the cable. [2]

3.3 Explain how earthing a metal-cased appliance keeps the user safe if a fault makes the case live. [3]
