

E1.9 Estimation

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____ **Total: 12 marks**

KEY WORDS estimate 估算 • significant figure 有效数字 • decimal place 小数位
• round 四舍五入 • upper bound 上界

Objective

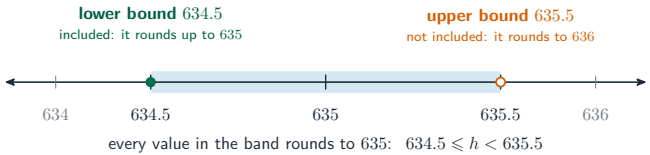
Build the skills to answer Extended exam questions on **estimation** 估算 — **rounding** 四舍五入 to a given number of **significant figures** 有效数字 or **decimal places** 小数位, estimating a calculation by rounding each value to **1 significant figure** 一位有效数字, and judging whether an answer is sensible.

You must be able to:

- round a number to a given number of significant figures or decimal places
- estimate the value of a calculation by rounding each number to 1 significant figure
- decide whether a calculated answer is reasonable

1 Worked examples

■ Round each number to 1 significant figure, then calculate



Rounding throws information away — the estimate is deliberately rough

- **Significant figures start at the first non-zero digit:** 0.0472 to 2 s.f. is 0.047; the leading zeros do not count.
- **Estimate:** $4.7 \times 19.6 \approx 5 \times 20 = 100$ (the exact value is 92.12, so the estimate is close).
- **Division:** round the bottom too. $\frac{9.87 \times 4.13}{0.48} \approx \frac{10 \times 4}{0.5} = 80$.
- **Roots:** round to a number whose root you know — $\sqrt{38.2} \approx \sqrt{36} = 6$.

Answer shapes (marked by **method marks** — M1 for a correct method, A1 for the correct answer): writing the rounded numbers down is the method mark; an estimate

with no rounding shown earns nothing even if the number is right.

2 Practice

2.1 Write 0.004869 correct to 2 significant figures. [1]

2.2 By writing each number correct to 1 significant figure, estimate the value of 61.4×3.82 . [2]

2.3 By writing each number correct to 1 significant figure, estimate the value of $\frac{9.87 \times 4.13}{0.48}$. [2]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 (a) By writing each number correct to 1 significant figure, estimate the value of $\frac{18.6 \times 4.32}{0.51}$. [2]

(b) Use a calculator to find the exact value, correct to 2 decimal places, and say whether your estimate was reasonable. [2]

3.2 A rectangle measures 8.3 cm by 5.7 cm, each correct to 1 decimal place.

(a) Estimate the area by rounding each length to 1 significant figure. [1]

(b) Calculate the upper bound of the area. [2]
