

C4.2 Geometrical constructions

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 20 marks**KEY WORDS** construct 作图 • compasses 圆规 • net 展开图 • face 面 • cuboid 长方体

Objective

Use geometrical constructions to solve Core IGCSE Mathematics problems.

You must be able to:

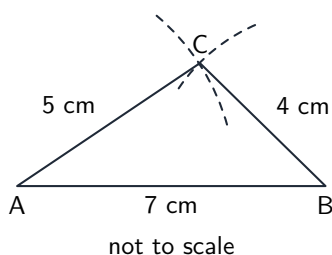
- Construct SSS triangles with visible compass arcs
- Measure lines and angles accurately
- Interpret and draw nets with matching face dimensions

1 Key knowledge and worked examples

■ Key knowledge: Geometrical constructions

Use a ruler for straight edges and a protractor to measure or draw angles. For a triangle given three sides, use a ruler and compasses only: draw the base, draw arcs of the two remaining radii from the endpoints, join their intersection. Leave construction arcs visible. A net folds into a solid without overlap; match shared edges and count all faces. Core does not require perpendicular or angle bisectors.

■ Worked example: Geometrical constructions



Construct a triangle with sides 7, 5 and 4 cm.

- Draw $AB = 7$ cm. With centre A, draw an arc of radius 5 cm; with centre B, radius 4 cm.
- Label an intersection C and join AC and BC. Keep both arcs.
- A cuboid $3 \times 2 \times 1$ cm has two faces of each size 3×2 , 3×1 , 2×1 .
- From its net, $S = 2(3 \times 2 + 3 \times 1 + 2 \times 1) = 22 \text{ cm}^2$ and $V = 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 6 \text{ cm}^3$.

■ Method check

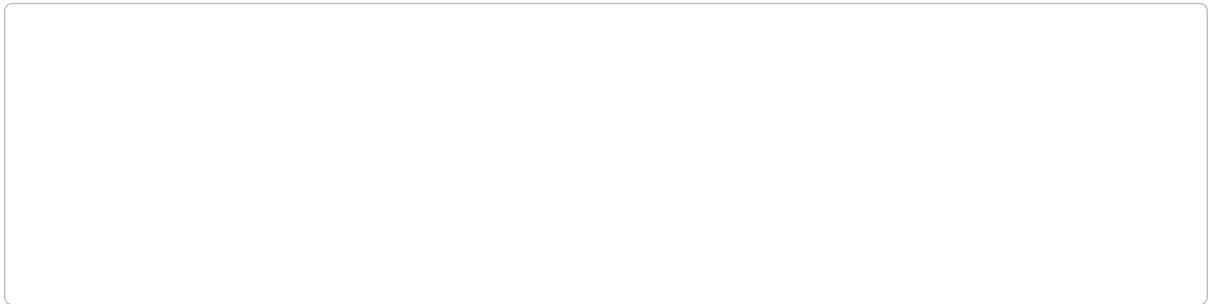
Compass arcs locate points at fixed distances. A valid net must fold into the solid with every edge matched and no overlapping faces.

2 Practice

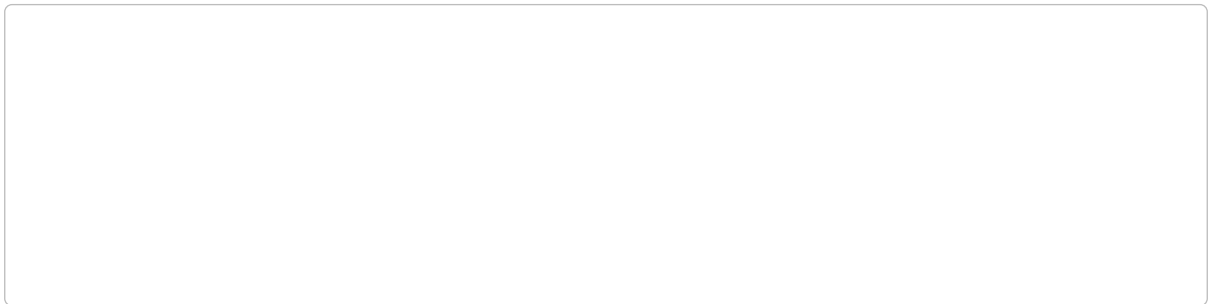
2.1 Draw a line 6.4 cm long and an angle of 65° with a ruler and protractor. [2]



2.2 Construct a triangle with sides 6, 4 and 3 cm using ruler and compasses. Keep the arcs. [2]



2.3 Draw a net of a cube of edge 2 cm on squared paper. [2]

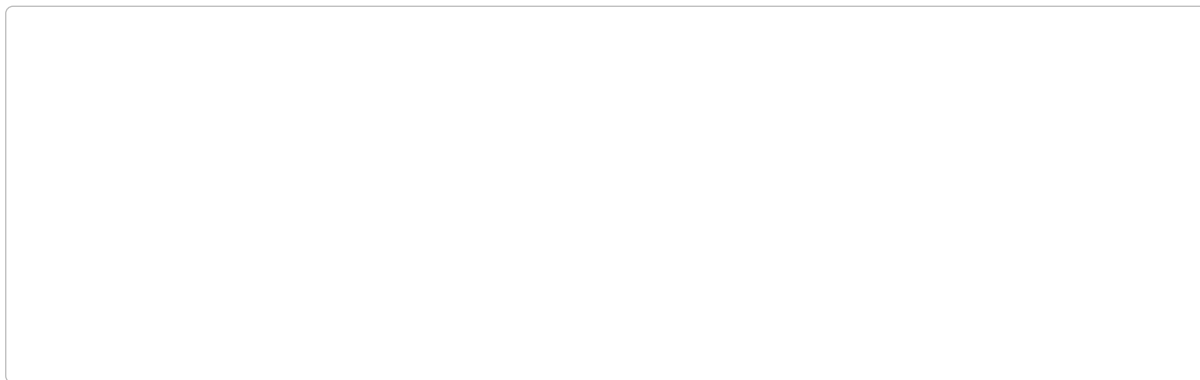


2.4 A cuboid net has two 4×3 , two 4×2 and two 3×2 cm rectangles. Find its surface area. [2]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 Apply the geometrical constructions methods below. Show working and include units where appropriate.

- (a) Construct triangle ABC with $AB = 8$ cm, $AC = 5$ cm and $BC = 5$ cm. Keep construction arcs. [2]

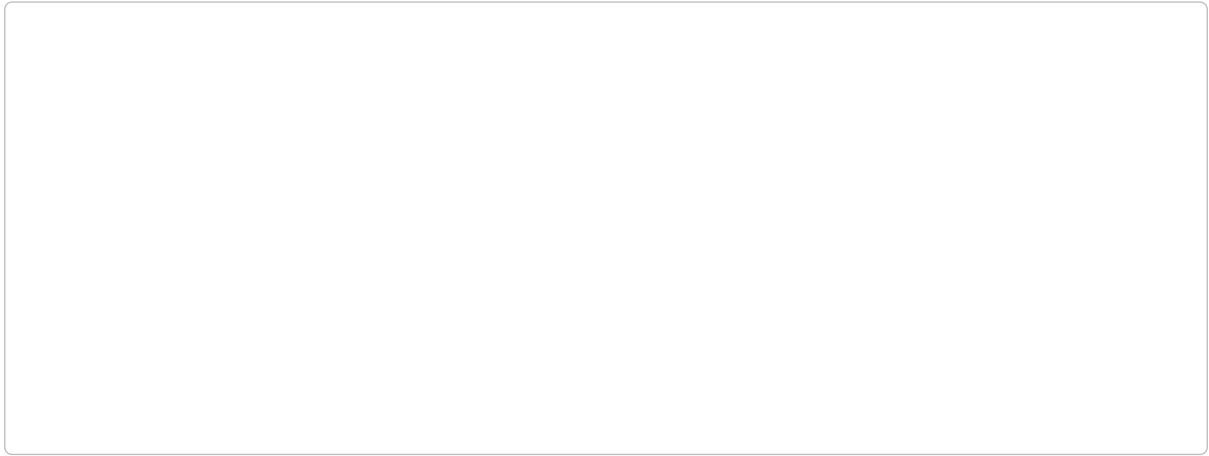


- (b) Measure angle ABC using a protractor. [2]

- (c) A triangular prism has this triangle as cross-section and length 10 cm. Describe the shapes and dimensions of its five net faces. [2]

3.2 A triangular prism has length 7 cm. Its triangular ends have sides 3, 4 and 5 cm.

(a) Construct one triangular end using only ruler and compasses. Leave all arcs visible.[3]



(b) Describe the five faces needed for a net and find its total surface area. The 3 cm and 4 cm sides meet at a right angle. [3]
