

Past-paper walk-through

Drawing linear graphs ■ E3.2

eXercise

Questions in this set

- 0580/23 N25 Q22 ■ 4 marks
- 0580/21 J25 Q6 ■ 6 marks

Reading the mark scheme

- **B1** a mark that stands on its own – the point is either made or not.
- **M1** a *method* mark: the right approach, even if the number is wrong.
- **A1** an *answer* mark, and it usually needs its M mark first.
- **C1** a working mark on the way to the answer.
- **//** separates answers the examiner accepts equally.
- **ecf** = error carried forward: a later part is marked on your own earlier answer.
- **owtte** = “or words to that effect” – the wording need not match.

Question 22

0580/23 N25 ■ Q22 ■ 4 marks

22 The equation of line L is $y = 2x + 7$ =-

■ .

Find an equation of the line perpendicular to line L that passes through the point (3, 5).

■ .

$$y = [3]$$

[4]

Solution 22

$$y = 2x - 1$$

- 3 M1 for

- 1

- 0.5

- —

- —

- oe (M1)

- for (3, 5) correctly substituted into

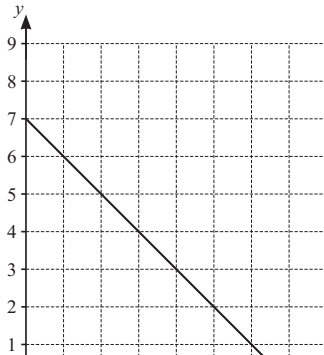
Solution 22

- $y = (\text{their } 2)x + c$
- 23
- 15
- 3 M1 for 1
- $6 \cdot 10 \sin 30$
- $2 \times \times$
- $\times$
- oe **B1**
- for $\sin 30 = 1/2$ so i

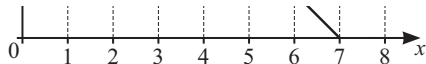
Question 6

0580/21 J25 ■ Q6 ■ 6 marks

6



Question 6



The line $x + y = 7$ is drawn on the grid.

(a) On the grid, draw the line $y = 2x + 1$.

[2]

(b) Use your graph to solve these simultaneous equations.

$$x + y = 7$$

$$y = 2x + 1$$

Question 6

[1]

Solution 6

(a)

Mark scheme

- Correct line drawn
- 2 M1 for a line with gradient 2 or for a line with
- positive gradient and intercept at $y = 1$

Solution 6

(b)

Mark scheme

$$x = 2, [y =] 5$$

- 1 FT intersection of their (a) with the given line