

8.1 Arrangement of elements

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 7 marks

Objective

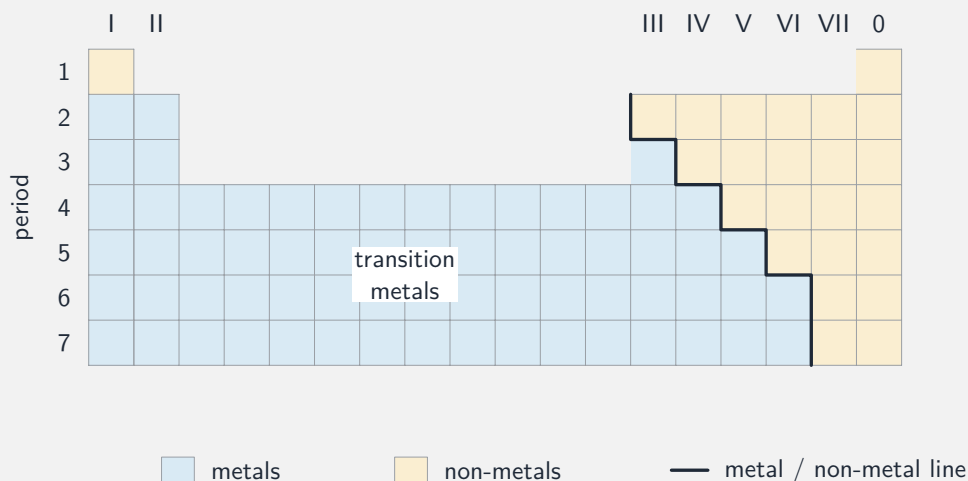
Build the skills to answer exam questions on the **arrangement of elements** 元素排列—order, **groups** 族 and **periods** 周期, and using position to predict properties.

You must be able to:

- describe the order (increasing proton number) and what groups/periods are
- link group number to ion charge and outer electrons
- explain why elements in a group have similar properties

1 Worked examples

■ Reading the Periodic Table



Groups = columns, periods = rows; metals on the left, non-metals on the right

Group I

Li
Na
K

↓ reactivity increases down

Group VII

Cl
Br
I

↑ reactivity increases up

Trends in properties across groups and periods

- order = increasing proton number.
- **group number = outer-shell electrons = ion charge** (Group I $\rightarrow +1$, Group VII $\rightarrow -1$).
- same group $\rightarrow$ same outer electrons $\rightarrow$ similar properties.

2 Practice

2.1 State what the elements are arranged in order of. [1]

2.2 State the charge of the ion formed by a Group II element. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 Elements in the same group have similar chemical properties because they have the same: [1]

- **A** number of shells
 - **B** number of outer-shell electrons
 - **C** mass number
 - **D** number of neutrons
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3.2 An element is in Group VII, Period 3.

(a) State the number of outer-shell electrons it has. [1]

(b) State the charge of the ion it forms. [1]

3.3 Explain how the Periodic Table lets you predict an element's properties. [2]

4 Go further

You are now ready for the real exam questions on this subtopic. Open the **8.1 Arrangement of elements** past-paper sheet in the Library, or try these in **Practice mode**:

- 0620/21 N25 —Q23 (Periodic Table)
- 0620/23 N25 —Q23 (groups and periods)

Solutions

2.1 increasing proton number (atomic number).

2.2 +2.

3.1 B. Same number of outer-shell electrons gives similar properties.

3.2 (a) 7.

(b) -1 .

3.3 elements in the same group have similar properties; so from its position you can predict how it reacts and trends in its group.