

4(a)(i)	<i>any three from:</i> scent ; nectar ; large / colourful, petals ; pollen (as a source of food) ; AVP ;
4(a)(ii)	<i>any one from:</i> large ; sticky / spiky / AW ;
4(b)	<i>any two from:</i> <i>(monocots have)</i> narrow / strap / long/AW, leaves ; parallel (leaf) veins ; scattered vascular, tissue / bundles, (in the stem) ; hollow stems ; petals in multiples of three ; fibrous roots ; one cotyledon ; pollen grains have one pore or furrow ; AVP ;;
4(c)	filament labelled ; sepal labelled ; an ovule labelled ;
4(d)	<i>any five from:</i> 1 pollen (released) from the anther ; 2 pollen transferred to stigma ; 3 <u>pollen tube</u> , grows ; 4 (pollen tube goes) down / through, the style ; 5 ref. to ovule / ovary ; 6 pollen / male, nucleus travels down the (pollen) tube / style ; 7 pollen / male, and, ovule / female, <u>nuclei</u> fuse ; 8 fertilisation ; 9 AVP ;
4(e)(i)	sperm (cell) ;
4(e)(ii)	testis / testes ;
4(e)(iii)	meiosis ;
4(e)(iv)	make fluid / semen, for the sperm / male gametes, to swim / AW ;

2(a)(i)	<i>any two from:</i> multicellular / AW ; producer / <i>ref. to</i> photosynthesis / (presence of) chloroplasts or chlorophyll ; cellulose cell wall ; non-motile ; reproduces asexually, and / or, sexually ; AVP ;
2(a)(ii)	<i>any two from:</i> animal ; fungi ; protocist ; prokaryote ;
2(b)	(vascular bundles) would be in a ring / AW ;
2(c)	root hair labelled ; xylem correctly drawn and labelled ; phloem correctly drawn and labelled ;
2(d)	<i>any two from:</i> transport / AW, of water ; transport / AW, of (mineral) ions / minerals ; support / AW ;
2(e)	<i>any five from:</i> 1 girdled trees produced a greater mass of fruit / ora ; 2 comparative data manipulation ; 3 phloem transports, <u>sucrose</u> / <u>amino acids</u> ; 4 leaves, photosynthesise / produce (named), carbohydrates / sugars ; 5 sugars / sucrose / amino acids, used for <u>growth</u> of fruit ; 6 <i>idea that</i> (in girdled tree) sucrose / sugar / amino acids, stays in the branch / cannot be transported downwards ; 7 <i>ref. to</i> translocation ; 8 leaves are the source ; 9 (growing) fruit is the sink ;
2(f)	pectinase ;

3(a)(i)	single clear outline with no shading ; width of drawing greater than 93 mm ; detail 1 : 5 arms and enclosed shape in middle that doesn't touch the edges ; detail 2 : indication of where colour changes on all limbs
3(a)(ii)	length of line PQ : 93 ± 1 (mm) ; 290 ;;

3(a)(iii)

max two differences from:

spiny starfish / Figure 3.2		necklace starfish / Figure 3.3
spines / AW	AND	smooth / scales / no spines ;
light / bright, in centre	AND	dark in centre ;
has five, ossicles / AW, in the centre or has a central pentagon shape	AND	does not have five, ossicles / AW, in the centre or no central pentagon shape ;
no white ends to the limbs	AND	white ends to the limbs ;
more uniform shaped limbs	AND	less uniform shaped limbs ;
straight limbs	AND	bent / curved / AW, limbs ;
lines going down the arms	AND	no lines going down the arms ;

*max one similarity from:**(both have)*

five, arms / AW ;

circle in the middle ;

dark arms / arms that are a different colour to the centre ;

tapering limbs ;

radial symmetry ;

3(b)(i)	<i>any two from:</i> same region ; same <u>size</u> of area / 20 m², (sampled) ; same day / same time of year / both in July / same date ; depth measured at, same time of tide / high tide / when water at its highest ;
3(b)(ii)	axes labelled with units ; suitable linear scale on number of starfish axis and ranges given for depth axis and data occupies at least half the grid in both directions ; five accurate plots $\pm$ half a small square ; bars of equal width $\pm$ half a small square with no gaps between them ;
3(b)(iii)	<u>10–19.9</u>
3(b)(iv)	<i>total number of starfish photographed: 3428 ;</i> <i>percentage in the 0.0–9.9m range: 10 (%) ;;</i>

3(a)(i)	outline clear and continuous, no shading ; size greater than half of space provided ; detail 1 : tear-shaped white patch on the left with a border and tear-shaped white patch below the beak ; detail 2 : two or more lines on the beak ;
3(a)(ii)	46±1 (mm) ; 109.5 (mm) ;;
3(b)	<i>any two from:</i> <i>Gentoo has:</i> less white area / white patch around eye is triangular- shaped vs semicircular-shaped ; rounder / bigger / wider eye ; slimmer / narrower / thinner / sharper, beak ; larger pale area on beak / no stripe vs black-footed has a stripe ; smoother beak ;

3(c)	1 <i>independent variable</i> at least two different thicknesses of insulation (used as an insulator) ; 2 <i>dependent variable</i> change in temperature / time taken for a stated fall in temperature ; 3 and 4 method ;; • method of insulating beaker with named material • measure the starting temperature and final temperature 5, 6 and 7 <i>variables kept constant</i> ;;; • volume of water • size • type of beaker • time left to cool / stated fall in temperature • starting temperature • type of insulator • same surroundings / environmental temperature 8 repeat investigation twice more / at least two replicates ; 9 relevant safety precaution ;
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Multiple Choice Answers

Q2: B

Multiple Choice Answers

Q3: D

4(a)(i)	B – palisade mesophyll ; C – (lower) epidermis ;
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4(a)(ii)	<i>any two from:</i> diffusion of (named) gases for photosynthesis / respiration ; diffusion of <u>water vapour</u> for transpiration ; idea of buoyancy / to make the leaf float (to get more light) ;
4(a)(iii)	<i>any two from:</i> traps light energy ; transfers energy from light into energy in chemicals ; (energy) for the synthesis of (named) carbohydrates ;
4(a)(iv)	<i>any two from:</i> 1 water lilies do not need to prevent water loss ; 2 carbon dioxide uptake is less restricted / AW ; 3 use less resources to produce a cuticle ; 4 allows more light to penetrate ; 5 to the palisade (mesophyll) layer ; 6 AVP ;
4(b)(i)	57 300 (stomata per cm ²) ;
4(b)(ii)	<i>any four from:</i> 1 pondweed is submerged in water so no need for stomata to let air into a leaf ; 2 oxygen and carbon dioxide can diffuse into, leaf / cells, from water ; 3 water lily has stomata only on upper surface ; 4 because lower surface is, on the surface of the water / under the water ; 5 constant water supply to water lily / no risk of wilting ;
4(c)(i)	<i>any one from:</i> 1 thin / strap-shaped, leaves ; 2 parallel veins ;

4(c)(ii)	<i>any three from:</i> 1 reduced <u>aerobic</u> respiration can occur ; 2 less energy released for active transport ; 3 less nitrate ions absorbed ; 4 less amino acids (to make protein) ; 5 less energy released for protein synthesis ; 6 more <u>denitrifying</u> (bacteria) ; 7 less <u>nitrogen fixing</u> (bacteria) ; 8 fewer nitrate ions in the soil ;
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Multiple Choice Answers

Q2: A