Writing

IELTS Academic · Vocabulary in context

Word	Example
task achievement /tæsk əˈtʃiːvmənt/	**Task achievement** asks whether you reported what the chart shows.
task response /tæsk rɪˈspɒns/	**Task response** asks whether you answered the question fully.
coherence and cohesion /kəʊˈhɪərəns ænd kəʊˈhiːʒn/	**Coherence and cohesion** mean your ideas are in a clear order and well linked.
lexical resource /ˈleksɪkl rɪˈzɔːs/	**Lexical resource** is about the range and accuracy of your words.
collocation /ˌkɒləˈkeɪʃn/	“Heavy rain” is a common **collocation**. “Heavy rain”
grammatical range and accuracy /grəˈmætɪkl reɪndʒ ænd ˈækjʊrəsi/	**Grammatical range and accuracy** means using many sentence types correctly.
overview /ˈəʊvəvjuː/	Your **overview** should describe the main trend in the chart.
trend /trend/	The long-term **trend** in sales is upward.
fluctuation /ˌflʌktʃuˈeɪʃn/	The graph shows a **fluctuation**: prices go up and down.
proportion /prəˈpɔːʃn/	A large **proportion** of students walk to school.
amount /əˈmaʊnt/	Use “**amount**” for things you cannot count, like water. “amount”
counter-argument /ˈkaʊntə ˈɑːgjuːmənt/	A **counter-argument** gives the other side’s view.

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concession /kən'seʃn/	A **concession** admits a point before giving a different view.
memorised language /'meməraɪzd 'læŋgwɪdʒ/	Examiners notice **memorised language** that does not fit the question.
article /'ɑːtɪkl/	"A", "an" and "the" are each an **article**. "A"、"an"　"the"

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