

9.2 Thermodynamics (full B.4, HL)

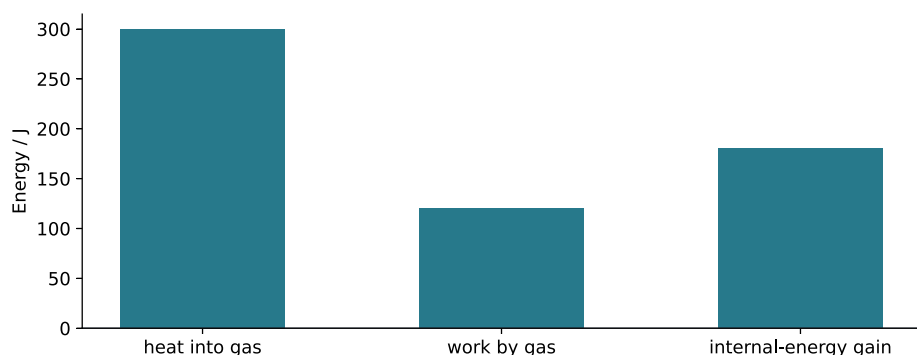
Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____ Total: **23 marks**

KEY WORDS entropy • adiabatic • Carnot cycle

Objective

Practise the full guide B.4 toolkit (HL only): the first law $Q = \Delta U + W$ with $W = P\Delta V$, $\Delta U = \frac{3}{2} nR\Delta T$, entropy by $\Delta S = \Delta Q/T$ and $S = k_B \ln \Omega$, the second law for isolated and non-isolated systems, the four named processes with the adiabatic $PV^{5/3} = \text{constant}$, heat-engine efficiency and the Carnot limit. Original practice; not an official IB paper.

1 Key knowledge and worked examples



■ The B.4 equation set

$$Q = \Delta U + W \quad W = P\Delta V \quad \Delta U = \frac{3}{2} nR\Delta T$$

$$\Delta S = \frac{\Delta Q}{T} \quad S = k_B \ln \Omega \quad \eta_{\text{Carnot}} = 1 - \frac{T_c}{T_h}$$

Clausius convention: Q supplied to the system, W done by the system. Monatomic adiabatic: $PV^{5/3} = \text{constant}$.

Worked check. 3.0 mol of a monatomic gas expands isobarically at 1.0×10^5 Pa by 2.0×10^{-3} m³ while receiving 1500 J: $W = 200$ J, so $\Delta U = 1300$ J and $\Delta T = 1300 / (1.5 \times 3.0 \times 8.31) = 34.8 \approx 35$ K.

2 Practice

2.1 State the first law with the sign convention. [2]

2.2 Calculate the work done by a gas expanding 5.0×10^{-3} m³ at a constant 2.0×10^5 Pa. [2]

2.3 Calculate the entropy change of a reservoir at 300 K that loses 600 J. [2]

2.4 Name the four processes that keep one variable fixed. [4]

2.5 State the Carnot efficiency for $T_h = 500$ K, $T_c = 300$ K. [2]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 2.0 mol of a monatomic ideal gas is heated at constant volume from 300 K to 360 K. Calculate ΔU and the heat supplied, and state W. [4]

3.2 A heat engine takes in 800 J per cycle and does 200 J of useful work. Calculate the efficiency, the maximum possible efficiency if the hot reservoir is at 600 K and the cold at 300 K, and comment on the comparison. [4]

3.3 A refrigerator's interior (an open, non-isolated system) has its entropy decrease. Explain why this does not violate the second law. [3]
