

T1 prime factor	T1 multiplier	T1 common ratio
T1 residual	T2 domain	T2 half-life
T3 scale factor	T3 hypotenuse	T4 frequency density

T1 The factor multiplying each term to obtain the next term in a geometric sequence.	T1 A number by which another quantity is multiplied.	T1 A divisor of a number that is itself a prime number.
T2 The time for the number of undecayed nuclei in a radioactive sample to halve.	T2 The set of input values for which a function is defined.	T1 An observed value minus the value predicted by a model.
T4 The frequency of a class divided by its class width, used as histogram height.	T3 The side opposite the right angle in a right-angled triangle.	T3 The ratio of corresponding lengths in similar shapes or an enlargement.

T4 conditional probability	T4 expected value	T4 significance level
T5 derivative	T5 iteration	T6 assumption

T4 The chosen probability of rejecting a true null hypothesis in a statistical test.	T4 The probability-weighted mean of the possible values of a random variable.	T4 The probability of an event given that another event has occurred.
T6 A statement accepted as a starting point for reasoning, analysis or a model.	T5 Repeating a sequence of instructions or calculations.	T5 The instantaneous rate of change of a function with respect to its input.