

T1 stock	T1 flow	T2 population
T2 quadrat	T3 evenness	T3 species richness
T4 eutrophication	T4 pollutant load	T5 erosion

T2 All the organisms of one species living in a particular area at a particular time.	T1 A quantity measured over a period of time, such as income per year or water passing a point per second.	T1 An amount at a time; a flow is an amount per time.
T3 The number of different species present in an area or community.	T3 A measure of how similar the abundances of different species are within a community.	T2 A frame marking a known area used to sample the abundance or distribution of organisms.
T5 The removal and transport of soil or rock material by agents such as flowing water, wind, ice or gravity.	T4 The amount of a pollutant entering or present in an environmental system over a stated period or area.	T4 Nutrient enrichment of water that can cause excessive plant or algal growth and oxygen depletion as organic matter decomposes.

T5 resource	T6 mitigation	T6 adaptation
T8 immigration	T8 indicator	T9 enforcement
T9 jurisdiction	T10 externality	T10 social cost

T6 A characteristic that helps an organism survive and reproduce in its environment.	T6 Actions addressing causes of environmental change.	T5 An input, asset or source of support that can be used to meet needs or achieve an objective.
T9 Implementation of rules through monitoring and consequences.	T8 A measurable sign used to assess the condition of a system or progress towards an objective.	T8 The movement of people into a country or area to live there.
T10 The total cost to society of an activity, including private costs and external costs borne by others.	T10 A cost or benefit affecting a third party that is not fully reflected in a transaction.	T9 The area, matters or people over which an authority has power to make or enforce decisions.

T11 intrinsic value	T11 environmental justice	T12 systematic error
T12 uncertainty		

T12 A consistent measurement bias caused by the method or instrument.	T11 Fair treatment and meaningful participation in environmental decisions, including how environmental benefits and burdens are distributed.	T11 A value position.
		T12 An estimate of the possible range of error in a measurement.