HSK 6 Grammar 2: Sentence + 来着

HSK 6 sentence + 来着, taught from the reviewed topic handout; classroom examples, not official exam items.

I had it a second ago

Bringing back a recent scene

你的包刚才放在椅子上来着。

Your bag was on the chair just now.

Asking for the detail that slipped

新来的同事姓什么来着？

What was the new colleague's surname again?

How the tag works

Rule	Right	Not natural
a full sentence, then 来着	钥匙刚才还在你手里来着。	—
questions use 什么 · 谁 · 哪儿 · 几点	那条街叫什么来着？	那条街远吗来着？
no negative form	文件刚才还在桌上来着。	不来着 · 没来着
recalls something recent and real	你刚才说想见谁来着？	你明天想见谁来着？

Use the evidence

来着 is not the verb 来 and not the state marker in 门开着; it comments on the whole sentence.

Casual talk, not a report

Easy talk — with the tag

我们刚才说去哪儿吃来着？

A formal email — plain sentence

请问会议在哪个房间举行？

Your turn: the slipped street name

Your turn

A street was named a moment ago, and the name has slipped. Choose the natural question.

A. 那条街叫什么来着？
B. 那条街远吗来着？
C. 那条街明天堵吗来着？

Your turn: the umbrella

Your turn

Someone just carried your umbrella off. Which casual question asks who it was?

A. 谁把我的伞拿走来着？
B. 谁把我的伞拿走吗来着？
C. 谁把我的伞没拿走来着？

Answers: recalling with 来着

1. **The street** 那条街叫什么来着？
2. **The umbrella** 谁把我的伞拿走来着？
3. **The remark, not the meeting** 你刚才说想见谁来着？
4. **A reminder** 你的外套刚才在沙发上来着。

Decision

The tag dates the remark; the meeting itself can still lie ahead.

Check yourself

Your turn

The teacher said the exam time a minute ago, and you have forgotten it. What do you ask your classmate?

A. 老师刚才说几点考试来着？
B. 老师刚才说几点考试吗来着？
C. 老师明天几点考试来着吗？