

1. GAC027 Social Science II: Identity and Interaction in Society Starter Quiz · 课前小测

GAC Social Science

Name: _____ Score: _____

1. Why is primary socialisation the hardest to notice?
 - ☐ It happens quickly
 - ☐ It teaches what seems natural rather than what seems taught
 - ☐ It happens at school
 - ☐ It is written down
2. Which is a researchable question?
 - ☐ Is society fair?
 - ☐ Do students here spend more on transport than on food?
 - ☐ What is the meaning of community?
 - ☐ Should things be different?
3. How do you make a norm visible?
 - ☐ Read the rules
 - ☐ Break a small one and watch the reaction
 - ☐ Ask people to describe it
 - ☐ It cannot be done
4. Two sources give youth unemployment as 8% and 21%. What is the most likely reason?
 - ☐ One is lying
 - ☐ They operationalise "unemployed" differently
 - ☐ One is out of date
 - ☐ The samples were small
5. Why is your own paradigm hard to see?
 - ☐ It is complicated
 - ☐ From inside it, its assumptions look like facts about the world
 - ☐ It is kept secret
 - ☐ It changes too fast
6. People missing from a dataset are usually missing at random.
 - ☐ True
 - ☐ False

7. A student behaving very differently in class and at training shows they are inconsistent.
 - ☐ True
 - ☐ False

8. What must a student research project include? Choose all that apply.

- ☐ Informed consent
- ☐ Anonymity
- ☐ The right to withdraw
- ☐ A result that supports your view

Tick every correct option.

9. Any norm-breaking demonstration is acceptable because no law is broken.

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

10. Understanding a practice in its own context means approving of it.

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

1. GAC027 Social Science II: Identity and Interaction in SocietyAnswers
· 答案

GAC Social Science

1. It teaches what seems natural rather than what seems taught

It gives you your sense of normal, so it feels like a fact about the world.

2. Do students here spend more on transport than on food?

It names who, what is measured, and what would count as an answer.

3. Break a small one and watch the reaction

The reaction is the only observable trace the rule leaves, which is why breaching is a classic method.

4. They operationalise "unemployed" differently

Neither is a lie. Quoting one without its definition is choosing a fact, not reporting one.

5. From inside it, its assumptions look like facts about the world

Which is why comparison with another society is the standard tool for revealing it.

6. False

They are usually absent for a reason connected to the topic, which is exactly what biases the result.

7. False

The person is constant and the situation is not. That is why identity is a social phenomenon.

8. Informed consent; Anonymity; The right to withdraw

Ethics apply exactly as to professional research. The result is a finding, not a requirement.

9. False

Legality is not the standard. A study that distresses or alarms anyone fails whatever it shows.

10. False

Relativism is a method, not a moral position. Explanation and evaluation are different tasks.