2.1 Mains electricity

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____ **Total: 21 marks**

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **mains electricity** : insulation, earthing and fuses, the heating effect of a current, $P = IV$, $E = IVt$, and alternating and direct current.

You must be able to:

- explain how fuses, earthing and double insulation protect people
- calculate power, current and energy with $P = IV$ and $E = IVt$
- choose the right fuse for an appliance
- calculate the cost of using an appliance

1 Key knowledge and worked examples

Power and energy

idea	equation or rule
power	$P = I \times V$ (unit W)
energy transferred	$E = I \times V \times t$ (unit J, with t in seconds)
fuse	choose the rating just above the normal current (fuses are often 3 A, 5 A, 13 A)
kilowatt-hour	1 kWh is the energy of 1 kW for 1 hour = 3 600 000 J
mains in the UK	about 230 V a.c.

Worked example 1: current. A 2300 W kettle runs on 230 V. Find the current.

1. Known: $P = 2300$ W; $V = 230$ V.
2. Rule: $I = P \div V$.
3. Numbers: $2300 \div 230$.
4. Result: 10 **A** (so a 13 A fuse).

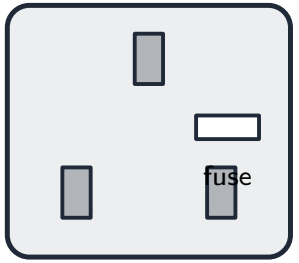
Worked example 2: energy. A 2000 W heater runs for 5 minutes. Find the energy transferred.

1. Known: $P = 2000$ W; $t = 300$ s.
2. Rule: $E = Pt$ (same as IVt).
3. Numbers: 2000×300.
4. Result: 600 000 **J**.

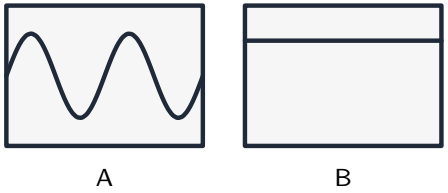
Answer shapes: for safety devices, say what fault happens, what current flows, and what the device does.

2 Practice

2.1 A 1000 W heater runs on 230 V. Calculate the current, and choose a 3 A, 5 A or 13 A fuse. [2]

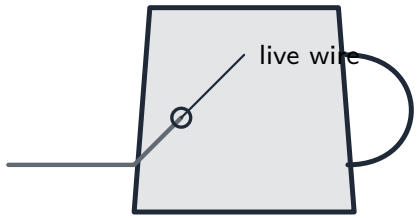


2.2 Explain the difference between alternating current (a.c.) and direct current (d.c.). [2]



3 Exam-style questions

3.1 The live wire inside a metal kettle comes loose and touches the metal case. Explain how the earth wire and the fuse protect the user. [3]



3.2 A hair dryer is used for 15 minutes every day. Information about it is shown. Electricity costs 30p per kWh.



voltage	230 V
power	1840 W

(a) Calculate the current in the hair dryer. [2]

(b) Calculate the energy it transfers each day, in joules and in kWh. [3]

(c) Calculate the cost of using the hair dryer for 30 days. [3]

(d) The hair dryer has a plastic case and only two wires. Explain how it is designed to be safe, and why the heating element gets hot. [6]