

2.5 Binomial expansion

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 26 marks

KEY WORDS binomial expansion • binomial coefficient

Objective

Expand $(a + bx)^n$ for positive integer n using binomial coefficients, match given coefficients, and use expansions for estimation. Original teaching questions for specification item P2.4.5; the exam-style part adapts reviewed WMA12 June 2025 demand.

1 Key knowledge and worked examples

The **binomial expansion** for a positive integer n :

$$(a + bx)^n = a^n + \binom{n}{1}a^{n-1}(bx) + \binom{n}{2}a^{n-2}(bx)^2 + \cdots + (bx)^n$$

with $\binom{n}{r} = \frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}$ (also written ${}^nC_r$). Powers of a fall, powers of bx rise, and the coefficients are row n of Pascal's triangle.

Worked example. Expand $(1 + 2x)^5$ in ascending powers of x .

- Coefficients for $n = 5$: 1, 5, 10, 10, 5, 1:

$$\begin{aligned}(1 + 2x)^5 &= 1 + 5(2x) + 10(2x)^2 + 10(2x)^3 + 5(2x)^4 + (2x)^5 \\ &= 1 + 10x + 40x^2 + 80x^3 + 80x^4 + 32x^5\end{aligned}$$

- Check: $10(2x)^2 = 40x^2$ ✓ and $5(2x)^4 = 80x^4$ ✓.

Worked example – match a coefficient. In the expansion of $(2 + kx)(1 - 3x)^5$, the coefficient of x^2 is -45 . Find k .

- First $(1 - 3x)^5 = 1 - 15x + 90x^2 - \cdots$ (coefficients 1, 5, 10: $5(-3x) = -15x$, $10(9x^2) = 90x^2$).
- The x^2 term of the product: $2 \times 90x^2 + kx \times (-15x) = (180 - 15k)x^2$:

$$180 - 15k = -45 \implies 15k = 225 \implies k = 15$$

- Check: $180 - 15(15) = 180 - 225 = -45$ ✓.

2 Practice

2.1 Expand $(1 + 3x)^4$ in ascending powers of x . [4]

2.2 Write down the first three terms of $(2 + x)^5$ in ascending powers of x . [3]

2.3 Find the coefficient of x^2 in $(1 - 2x)^6$. [2]

2.4 Find the coefficient of x^3 in $(3 + x)^5$. [3]

2.5 Find the coefficient of x^2 in $\left(1 + \frac{x}{2}\right)^8$. [3]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 (*Adapted from Edexcel IAL WMA12 June 2025 Q1.*)

(a) Find the first four terms, in ascending powers of x , of the binomial expansion of $(1 - 3x)^5$, giving each term in simplest form.

(b) In the expansion of $(2 + 15x)(1 - 3x)^5$, the coefficient of the term in x^2 is -45 . Use the answer to part (a) to verify this. [6]

3.2 Use the first three terms of the expansion of $(1 + 2x)^6$ to estimate $(1.02)^6$, and compare your estimate with the exact value. [5]
