

2. Networks of Exchange

Starter Quiz · 课前小测

AP World History: Modern

Name: _____ Score: _____

1. Select **all** the commercial innovations the CED names here.

- ☐ the caravanserais
- ☐ forms of credit
- ☐ money economies
- ☐ the compass

Tick every correct option.

2. The CED's mechanism for how imperial expansion helped trade is that...

- ☐ empires built new roads only
- ☐ new people were drawn into their conquerors' economies and networks
- ☐ taxes were abolished
- ☐ merchants were forced to move

3. The monsoon winds mattered because they...

- ☐ blow constantly in one direction
- ☐ reverse twice a year, so a ship sails out on one season and home on the other
- ☐ prevent long voyages
- ☐ only affect coastal waters

4. Select **all** the transportation innovations the CED names here.

- ☐ the camel saddle
- ☐ caravans
- ☐ the astrolabe
- ☐ paper money

Tick every correct option.

5. Select **all** the categories the CED says cross-cultural interaction diffused.

- ☐ literary and artistic traditions
- ☐ cultural traditions
- ☐ scientific and technological innovations
- ☐ systems of taxation

Tick every correct option.

6. Select **all** the crop diffusions the CED names.

- ☐ bananas in Africa
- ☐ new rice varieties in East Asia
- ☐ citrus in the Mediterranean
- ☐ maize in Europe

Tick every correct option.

7. Select **all** the features shared by all three networks.

- ☐ growth from improved technologies and practices
- ☐ promoting cities or states that taxed them
- ☐ carrying religion, disease and crops
- ☐ a single ruling empire

Tick every correct option.

8. What changed about the Silk Roads after 1200 was mainly...

- ☐ their location
- ☐ the volume moving along them
- ☐ who invented them
- ☐ the languages spoken

9. Mali's position mattered because it sat where...

- ☐ two rivers met
- ☐ gold from the south met salt from the north
- ☐ the desert ended
- ☐ the Nile began

10. Crops and pathogens diffused along the same trade routes.

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

AP World History: Modern

1. **the caravanserai; forms of credit; money economies**

The compass belongs to the Indian Ocean subtopic, 2.3.

2. **new people were drawn into their conquerors' economies and networks**

A bigger network moves more, and one authority means fewer borders.

3. **reverse twice a year, so a ship sails out on one season and home on the other**

The CED counts environmental knowledge as a **cause** of trade growth.

4. **the camel saddle; caravans**

The astrolabe is maritime; paper money is a commercial, not transport, innovation.

5. **literary and artistic traditions; cultural traditions; scientific and technological innovations**

Taxation is not on the CED's list here.

6. **bananas in Africa; new rice varieties in East Asia; citrus in the Mediterranean**

Maize crosses the Atlantic in the Columbian Exchange, unit 4.

7. **growth from improved technologies and practices; promoting cities or states that taxed them; carrying religion, disease and crops**

Only the Silk Roads had a single authority, and only for a time.

8. **the volume moving along them**

The routes were old; the CED's causal claim is about commercial practices.

9. **gold from the south met salt from the north**

It taxed the meeting — the Srivijaya logic on land.

10. **True**

The CED puts them in one sentence — both are biological and both move with people.