

“White folk who want to help Africa must be prepared to work with Africans on the basis of complete racial equality. If the United States...is really worried about Communism taking root in Africa and wants to prevent such a disaster from taking place, [as a former communist] I can offer an assurance against it.¹ This assurance will not only prevent Communism, but endear the people of the great United States forever to the Africans.

Instead of supporting the discredited system of colonialism by propping up the European regimes with military and financial aid, let American statesmen make a bold gesture to the African in the spirit of the anti-colonialist tradition of 1776. This gesture should take the form of an aid package for Africa similar to the Marshall Plan.”²

Source: George Padmore, Afro-Caribbean intellectual, essay published while he lived in London, 1956

1: Padmore spent much of the 1920s and 1930s as a supporter of communism but became disillusioned with Soviet leader Joseph Stalin.

2: an initiative by the United States to provide aid to Western Europe after the end of the Second World War

2. Respond to parts A, B, and C.

- Identify one reason United States officials were concerned about communism as noted in the first paragraph of the passage.
- Describe the historical situation that resulted in the “system of colonialism” referred to by the author in the second paragraph of the passage.
- Explain one way the source reflects the political situation in Africa during the second half of the twentieth century.

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Question 3 or 4

Directions: Answer **either** Question 3 **or** Question 4.

3. Respond to **parts a, b, and c.**

- Identify ONE method Europeans used to expand their empires in the Americas in the period circa 1450–1750.
- Explain ONE way European colonialism affected Indigenous peoples in the Americas in the period circa 1450–1750.
- Explain ONE way European interactions with non-European peoples in the Americas contributed to the development of a global economy in the period circa 1450–1750.

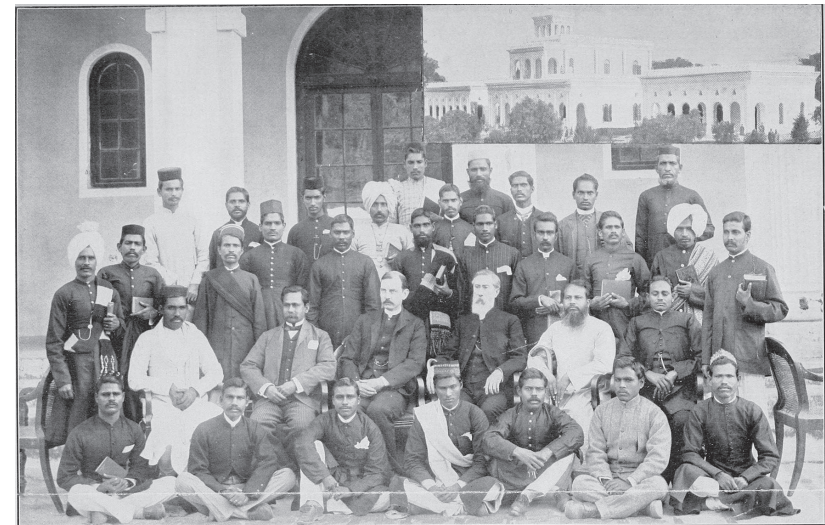
4. Respond to **parts a, b, and c.**

- Identify ONE way Asians **resisted** Western imperialism in the period circa 1800–1914.
- Explain ONE way European imperialism changed the cultures of peoples in Asia in the period circa 1800–1914.
- Explain ONE way European imperialism in Asia contributed to changes in the global economy in the period circa 1800–1914.

END OF SECTION I

AP World History: **Modern: 2024 Set 2**

Graduation Ceremony at a Christian Theological Seminary in Northern India, 1897



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The image shows two British missionaries (second row, center) surrounded by Indian graduates. The seminary (religious school) was founded in 1871 to educate and train Indian missionaries.

2. Using the image, respond to **parts a, b, and c.**

- Identify ONE development during the period 1450 to 1750 that contributed to the activities shown in the image.
- Explain ONE reason why imperialist governments often supported activities of the type shown in the image during the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries.
- Explain ONE way indigenous peoples in Africa and/or Asia resisted the spread of the cultural practices reflected in the image during the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries.