

7.7 Conducting World War II

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 13 marks

KEY WORDS atomic bomb 原子弹 • intensified forms of nationalism 强化的民族主义
• political propaganda 政治宣传

Objective

Build the skills to compare **how governments waged war** 战争的进行方式.

You must be able to:

- state what both world wars had in common in mobilisation
- state the additional method the CED adds for the second war
- name the technologies and tactics that raised casualties
- state what totalitarian states did beyond mobilisation

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a task used later.

■ The common ground

World War II was a total war. Governments again used political propaganda, art, media and intensified forms of nationalism to mobilise populations — now in **the colonies or former colonies** as well.

■ The addition

Governments used ideologies, including fascism and communism, to mobilise all of their state's resources for war. In the second war a doctrine does the mobilising, not only a campaign.

■ Technologies and tactics

New military technology and new tactics, including the atomic bomb, fire-bombing and the waging of “total war”, led to increased levels of wartime casualties. The CED counts a *practice* among the causes of casualties, not only devices.

■ Beyond mobilisation

In the case of totalitarian states, ideologies were used **to repress basic freedoms and dominate many aspects of daily life during the course of the conflicts and beyond.** “And beyond” carries the effect past 1945.

2 Practice

2.1 State what both world wars had in common in mobilisation. [2]

2.2 State the additional method the CED adds for the second war. [2]

2.3 The CED names causes of increased casualties.

(a) Name three. [3]

(b) State what “and beyond” adds. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 Among the causes of increased casualties the CED includes [1]

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | B |
| C | D |
- A** only weapons
 - B** the waging of total war as a practice
 - C** only tactics
 - D** neither weapons nor tactics

3.2 In totalitarian states ideologies were used to mobilise resources and to [1]

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | B |
| C | D |
- A** repress basic freedoms
 - B** expand suffrage
 - C** end propaganda
 - D** decentralise power

3.3 A wartime practice of controlling daily life continues after the peace.

(a) State the CED's phrase that covers this. [1]

(b) Explain why the war's methods outlast the war. [2]
