

Past-paper walk-through

Nationalism and Revolutions in the Period from 1750 to 1900 ■ 5.2

eXercise

Questions in this set

- 2025 Set 1 Q4

Reading the mark scheme

- **B1** a mark that stands on its own – the point is either made or not.
- **M1** a *method* mark: the right approach, even if the number is wrong.
- **A1** an *answer* mark, and it usually needs its M mark first.
- **C1** a working mark on the way to the answer.
- **//** separates answers the examiner accepts equally.
- **ecf** = error carried forward: a later part is marked on your own earlier answer.
- **owtte** = “or words to that effect” – the wording need not match.

Question 4

2025 Set 1 ■ Q4

Respond to parts A, B, and C.

- (a)** Identify one factor that contributed to the outbreak of revolutions in the period circa 1750 to 1900.
- (b)** Explain one way that revolutionary movements used ideologies in their attempts to change societies during the period circa 1750 to 1900.
- (c)** Explain one way in which revolutionary movements were challenged as they attempted to change societies during the period circa 1750 to 1900.

Solution 4

(a)

Mark scheme

- Identify one factor that contributed to the outbreak of revolutions in the period circa 1750 to 1900. (1 point) — accept any: The spread of Enlightenment ideas contributed to revolutions across the Atlantic region during the period 1750 to 1900.; The success of the American and French Revolutions contributed to the outbreak of further revolutions in Latin America and Haiti during the period 1750 to 1900.; The weakening of the Spanish overseas empire contributed to the outbreak of revolutions across Latin America.

Solution 4

(b) Mark scheme

- Explain one way that revolutionary movements used ideologies in their attempts to change societies during the period circa 1750 to 1900. (1 point) — accept any: Revolutionary movements applied Enlightenment ideas like natural rights to establish new laws or constitutions that protected the rights of their citizens.; Revolutionary movements like the French Revolution used nationalism to fight in numerous conflicts across Europe and expand the Napoleonic Empire.; The Haitian Revolution used anti-colonial nationalism to reject French rule and seek self-determination and establish an independent sovereign state.

Solution 4

(c) Mark scheme

- Explain one way in which revolutionary movements were challenged as they attempted to change societies during the period circa 1750 to 1900. (1 point) — accept any: Revolutionaries faced opposition from powerful states and empires who mobilized their armies and economic resources to suppress opposition.; Revolutionary movements experienced resistance from established elites, for example opposition by plantation owners against the enslaved persons' rebellion in the Haitian revolution.; Nationalist revolutionary movements faced opposition from established states and empires in their attempts to liberate or unify nation-states, as seen, for example, in the Ottoman suppression of nationalist revolts in the Balkans.