

2.7 Colonial Society and Culture

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____ Total: 14 marks

KEY WORDS anglicization 英国化 • pluralism 多元并存 • enlightenment 启蒙运动
• first great awakening 第一次大觉醒 • anglicization and pluralism 英国化与多元

Objective

Build the skills to explain **Anglicization and pluralism** 英国化与多元.

You must be able to:

- state what produced colonial pluralism
- name the three things that drove Anglicization
- name the sources of colonial resistance to imperial control
- explain why the same period produced closeness and mistrust

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a task used later.

■ Pluralism

The presence of different European religious and ethnic groups contributed to a significant degree of pluralism and intellectual exchange, which were later enhanced by the first Great Awakening and the spread of European Enlightenment ideas.

■ Anglicization

The colonies experienced a gradual **Anglicization**, developing autonomous political communities based on English models with influence from **intercolonial commercial ties, the emergence of a transatlantic print culture, and the spread of Protestant evangelicalism.**

■ Sources of resistance

Local experiences of self-government, evolving ideas of liberty, the political thought of the Enlightenment, greater religious independence and diversity, and an ideology critical of perceived corruption in the imperial system.

■ Both at once

The goals and interests of European leaders and colonists at times diverged, leading to a growing mistrust on both sides of the Atlantic. Colonists were becoming more English and more dissatisfied at the same time, over territorial settlements, frontier defense, self-rule, and trade.

2 Practice

2.1 Name the three things that drove Anglicization. [3]

2.2 Name three sources of colonial resistance to imperial control. [3]

2.3 Closeness and mistrust grew together.

(a) State the issues colonists were dissatisfied over. [2]

(b) State what enhanced colonial pluralism. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 Anglicization was influenced by intercolonial commercial ties, a transatlantic print culture and [1]

A	B
C	D

- A the spread of Protestant evangelicalism
- B Spanish law
- C French trade
- D the encomienda

3.2 The mistrust that grew is described as [1]

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | B |
| C | D |
- A** on both sides of the Atlantic
B colonial only
C British only
D absent

3.3 Colonists become more English in culture and more critical of British rule at once.

(a) State what makes this possible. [1]

(b) Explain the connection. [2]
