

## Exercise walk-through

### The Spanish–American War ■ 7.3

eXercise

## You must be able to

- state the three consequences of the American victory
- state what happened in the Philippines
- explain why the third consequence complicates the first two
- connect the war to the imperialism debate

## Method — Three consequences

The American victory led to **the U.S. acquisition of island territories in the Caribbean and the Pacific, an increase in involvement in Asia, and the suppression of a nationalist movement in the Philippines.**

## Method — The Philippines

**The suppression of a nationalist movement.** The CED names it plainly: a movement for national self-government was put down.

## Method — The complication

7.2's anti-imperialists cited **self-determination**. The third consequence is the United States suppressing exactly that principle abroad, in the same years the debate was being conducted at home.

## Method — The connection

The war did not settle the debate; it produced the case the debate was about. An answer that treats 7.2 as theory and 7.3 as events has missed that the events are the argument's subject matter.

## Practice 2.1 ■ 3 marks

State the three consequences of the American victory.

## Solution 2.1

Method: Three consequences

### Worked steps

acquisition of island territories in the Caribbean and the Pacific (B1); increased involvement in Asia (B1); the suppression of a nationalist movement in the Philippines (B1).

## Practice 2.2 ■ 2 marks

State what happened in the Philippines.

## Solution 2.2

### Worked steps

a nationalist movement was suppressed **B2**.

## Practice 2.3 ■ 2 marks

The third consequence complicates the debate.

- (a) Explain how.
- (b) State the relationship between 7.2 and 7.3.

## Solution 2.3

Method: The complication

### Worked steps

(a) anti-imperialists cited self-determination **B1**, and the United States suppressed exactly that claim abroad **B1**. (b) 7.3's events are what 7.2's debate is about **B1**.

## Exam-style 3.1 ■ 1 mark

The war led to U.S. acquisition of island territories in the Caribbean and

**A** the Pacific

**B** the Atlantic only

**C** the Mediterranean

**D** the Arctic

## Solution 3.1

Method: Three consequences

**A** the Pacific



**B** the Atlantic only

**C** the Mediterranean

**D** the Arctic

### Worked steps

**A.** the Pacific.

## Exam-style 3.2 ■ 1 mark

The CED describes what happened in the Philippines as

- A** the suppression of a nationalist movement
- B** a voluntary union
- C** a withdrawal
- D** a purchase

## Solution 3.2

**A** the suppression of a nationalist movement



**B** a voluntary union

**C** a withdrawal

**D** a purchase

### Worked steps

**A.** suppression of a nationalist movement.

## Exam-style 3.3 ■ 1 mark

A country whose debate invokes self-determination suppresses a nationalist movement.

- (a) State the tension.
- (b) Explain why the CED's plain wording matters.

## Solution 3.3

### Worked steps

(a) the principle invoked at home was denied abroad **B1**. (b) a vaguer phrase would obscure what was done **B1**, and the tension is only visible when the act is named accurately **B1**.