

Exercise walk-through

9.3

The End of the Cold War

AP United States History

The End of the Cold War

Renewed military build-up, negotiation, and above all internal weakness in the Soviet Union brought the **Cold War** to an end. The Soviet system collapsed between 1989 and 1991.

The consequences framed the decades that followed: the United States became the sole superpower, with unresolved questions about **when and where to intervene**, and about what commitments made sense once containment no longer organised policy.

Exercises 2.1-2.2

2.1 Name the four means by which Reagan asserted opposition to communism. [2]

2.2 Name the three factors in ending the Cold War. [3]

Exercises 2.1-2.2

2.1 Name the four means by which Reagan asserted opposition to communism. [2]

2.1

- speeches; diplomatic efforts; limited military interventions; a buildup of nuclear and conventional weapons
-

2.2 Name the three factors in ending the Cold War. [3]

2.2

- increased U.S. military spending; Reagan's diplomatic initiatives; political changes and economic problems in Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union

Exercise 2.3 (a)

2.3 The end had two kinds of consequence.

(a) State them.

[2]

Exercise 2.3 (a)

2.3 The end had two kinds of consequence.

(a) State them.

[2]

(a)

- new diplomatic relationships; new U.S. military and peacekeeping interventions, with continued debates over the use of American power

Exercise 2.3 (b)

2.3 The end had two kinds of consequence.

(b) State what “all important” refuses.

[1]

Exercise 2.3 (b)

2.3 The end had two kinds of consequence.

(b) State what “all important” refuses.

[1]

(b)

- an account in which either side alone produced the outcome

Exercises 3.1-3.2

3.1 Among the factors ending the Cold War the CED includes [1]

☐

A political changes and economic problems in Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union

B the Vietnam War

C the Great Society

D the 1965 immigration laws

3.2 The end of the Cold War also led to [1]

☐

A new U.S. military and peacekeeping interventions

B total disarmament

C an end to all debate

D withdrawal from the world

Exercises 3.1-3.2

3.1 Among the factors ending the Cold War the CED includes [1]

☐

A political changes and economic problems in Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union

B the Vietnam War

C the Great Society

D the 1965 immigration laws

3.1 A

- changes within the Soviet bloc

3.2 The end of the Cold War also led to [1]

☐

A new U.S. military and peacekeeping interventions

B total disarmament

C an end to all debate

D withdrawal from the world

3.2 A

- new interventions

Exercise 3.3 (a)

3.3 A student explains the Cold War's end entirely by U.S. military spending.

(a) State what is missing.

[1]

Exercise 3.3 (a)

3.3 A student explains the Cold War's end entirely by U.S. military spending.

(a) State what is missing.

[1]

(a)

- the diplomatic initiatives and the internal changes in Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union

Exercise 3.3 (b)

3.3 A student explains the Cold War's end entirely by U.S. military spending.

(b) Explain what the CED's phrasing requires.

[2]

Exercise 3.3 (b)

3.3 A student explains the Cold War's end entirely by U.S. military spending.

(b) Explain what the CED's phrasing requires.

[2]

(b)

- “all important” makes the three jointly responsible, so an answer with one has explained less than the source does