

Exercise walk-through

6.8

Immigration and Migration in the Gilded Age

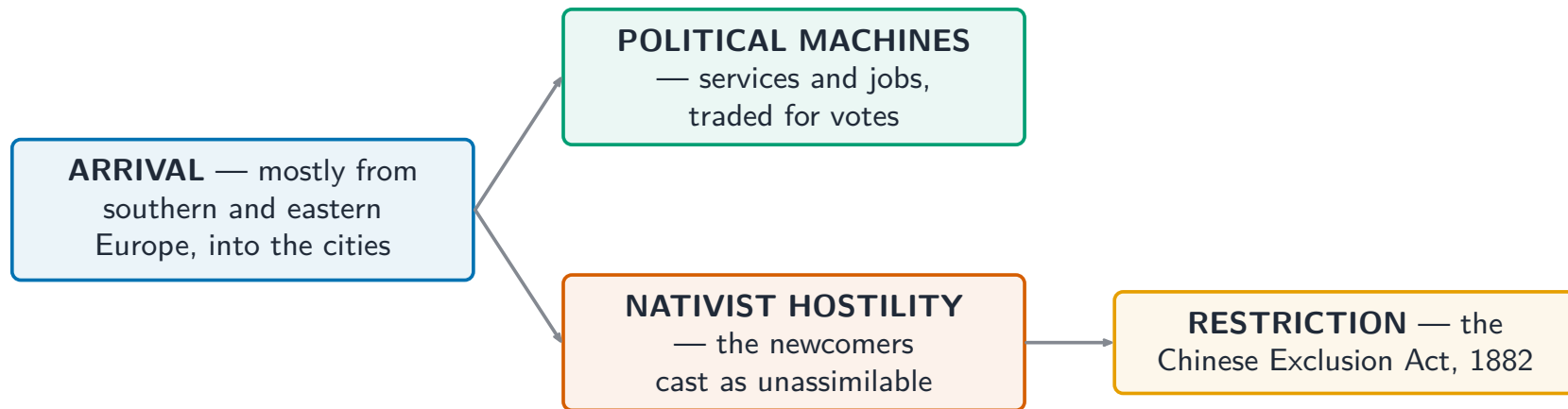
AP United States History

Migration and the Cities

International and internal migration increased urban populations and fostered the growth of **cities** .

New arrivals came increasingly from **southern and eastern Europe** , alongside Chinese migration to the West – which met the **Chinese Exclusion Act** , the first significant federal restriction on immigration by nationality.

One arrival, two simultaneous responses



The machine and the nativist are responses to the **same** arrival, at the same time. Only one of them ends in a federal law

Exercises 2.1-2.2

2.1 State where cities attracted migrants from.

[2]

2.2 Name the three reasons migrants moved.

[3]

Exercises 2.1-2.2

2.1 State where cities attracted migrants from. [2]

2.1

- immigrants from Asia and southern and eastern Europe; African American migrants within and out of the South
-

2.2 Name the three reasons migrants moved. [3]

2.2

- to escape poverty; religious persecution; limited opportunities for social mobility

Exercise 2.3 (a)

2.3 Neighbourhoods had an effect.

(a) State it.

[2]

Exercise 2.3 (a)

2.3 Neighbourhoods had an effect.

(a) State it.

[2]

(a)

- they provided new cultural opportunities for city dwellers

Exercise 2.3 (b)

2.3 Neighbourhoods had an effect.

(b) State how the industrial workforce became more diverse.

[1]

Exercise 2.3 (b)

2.3 Neighbourhoods had an effect.

(b) State how the industrial workforce became more diverse.

[1]

(b)

- through internal and international migration

Exercises 3.1-3.2

3.1 African American migrants moved

[1]

☐

A within and out of the South

B only abroad

C only to the West

D nowhere

3.2 Urban neighborhoods based on ethnicity, race and class provided

[1]

☐

A new cultural opportunities for city dwellers

B no benefits

C industrial machinery

D federal subsidies

Exercises 3.1-3.2

3.1 African American migrants moved

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3.1 A

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A new cultural opportunities for city dwellers

B no benefits

C industrial machinery

D federal subsidies

3.2 A

- new cultural opportunities

Exercise 3.3 (a)

3.3 A city's factory workforce and its immigrant population grow together.

(a) State the relationship.

[1]

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[1]

(a)

- the growing workforce is largely the migrant population

Exercise 3.3 (b)

3.3 A city's factory workforce and its immigrant population grow together.

(b) Explain why the two subtopics describe one process.

[2]

Exercise 3.3 (b)

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(b) Explain why the two subtopics describe one process.

[2]

(b)

- 6.7's expanding industrial workforce and 6.8's migration are the same people counted twice, so an account of labour that omits migration explains where the workers came from without saying who they were