

## 6.4 Setting Up a Test for a Population Proportion

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Total: 9 marks

**KEY WORDS** null 零假设 • test statistic 检验统计量 • null hypothesis 原假设  
• alternative hypotheses 备择假设

### Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **setting up a test for a population proportion**.

You must be able to:

- state the **null** 零假设 and **alternative hypotheses** 备择假设

- write the test statistic  $z = \frac{\hat{p} - p_0}{\sqrt{\frac{p_0(1-p_0)}{n}}}$

- state the conditions for the test

### 1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later.

#### ■ Hypotheses

- Null**  $H_0 : p = p_0$  (a specific value — “no effect”).
- Alternative**  $H_a : p \neq p_0$  (or  $< p_0$ , or  $> p_0$ ).

#### ■ Test statistic

$$z = \frac{\hat{p} - p_0}{\sqrt{\frac{p_0(1-p_0)}{n}}}$$

The standard error uses the **null value**  $p_0$ . Conditions: **random, independent** (10% rule), and **large counts** ( $np_0 \geq 10$ ,  $n(1-p_0) \geq 10$ ).

## 2 Practice

2.1 State the null hypothesis for a test about a proportion. [1]

2.2 Write the test-statistic formula for a proportion. [1]

2.3 State one condition needed to run the test. [1]

## 3 Exam-style questions

3.1 The null hypothesis  $H_0$  usually states that [1]

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| A | B |
| C | D |
- A there is an effect  
B there is no effect (a specific value)  
C the sample is biased  
D nothing at all

3.2 The test statistic for a proportion computes the standard error using [1]

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| A | B |
| C | D |
- A  $\hat{p}$   
B  $p_0$  (the null value)  
C zero  
D the sample size only

3.3 A test checks whether  $p \neq 0.5$ , using  $\hat{p} = 0.6$  and  $n = 100$ .

(a) Write  $H_0$ . [1]

(b) Write  $H_a$ . [1]

(c) Compute the test statistic  $z$ . [2]