

Solutions

Each answer shows the steps, then the **result**.

2.1

- any two of: significant distress; impairment of functioning; departure from what is typical or expected in the person's culture

2.2

- disorders arise from biological, psychological and social factors acting together, because single-factor accounts predict poorly

2.3

(a)

- it gives access to treatment and an explanation

(b)

- it may become a label others apply to everything the person does

3.1 B

- real variation is continuous while categories are discrete

3.2 B

- what is typical depends on the setting, so context is part of the judgment

3.3

(a)

- labelling / stigma

(b)

- communicate the diagnosis as a description of current difficulties rather than an identity, and share it only with the person's consent and where it serves their care