

4.3 Conservation of Linear Momentum

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 13 marks

KEY WORDS momentum 动量 • conserved 守恒 • kinetic energy 动能 • collisions 碰撞
• explosions 爆炸

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **conservation of linear momentum**.

You must be able to:

- state that total **momentum** 动量 is conserved when no net external force acts
- apply $p_{\text{before}} = p_{\text{after}}$ to collisions and explosions
- solve for an unknown velocity after an interaction
- use signs for direction in one dimension

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later — follow the steps and you can do the Practice and Exam-style questions yourself.

■ Total momentum is conserved

If no net external force acts, the total momentum before equals the total after:

$$m_1 u_1 + m_2 u_2 = m_1 v_1 + m_2 v_2.$$

■ A collision

A 2 kg cart at 3 m s⁻¹ hits a stationary 1 kg cart and they stick. Total before = 2(3) + 1(0) = 6. After, combined mass 3 kg at speed v :

$$6 = 3v \Rightarrow v = 2 \text{ m s}^{-1}.$$

■ An explosion

A stationary object splits. Total momentum stays zero, so the pieces fly apart with equal and opposite momenta.

2 Practice

Now apply the methods above.

2.1 State the condition for total momentum to be conserved. [1]

2.2 A 4 kg cart at 2 m s⁻¹ collides and sticks to a stationary 4 kg cart. Find their common speed. [2]

2.3 A stationary object explodes into two pieces. State the total momentum afterward. [1]

2.4 Before a collision the total momentum is 30 kg m s⁻¹. State the total momentum after. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 Momentum is conserved in a collision provided [1]

A	B
C	D

A kinetic energy is conserved

B no net external force acts

C the objects stick together

D the objects are identical

3.2 A 3 kg ball at 4 m s⁻¹ strikes a stationary 1 kg ball and they stick. Their speed after is [1]

A	B
C	D

A 1 m s⁻¹

B 3 m s⁻¹

C 4 m s⁻¹

D 12 m s⁻¹

3.3 A 60 kg skater at rest throws a 2 kg ball at 10 m s^{-1} .

(a) State the total momentum before the throw.

[1]

(b) Find the skater's recoil speed.

[2]

3.4 A 2 kg trolley at 5 m s^{-1} collides with a 3 kg trolley at rest; they couple together.

(a) Find the total momentum before.

[1]

(b) Find the speed of the coupled trolleys.

[2]