

Begin your response to **QUESTION 1** on this page.

PHYSICS 2
SECTION II

Time—1 hour and 30 minutes
4 Questions

Directions: Questions 1 and 4 are short free-response questions that require about 20 minutes each to answer and are worth 10 points each. Questions 2 and 3 are long free-response questions that require about 25 minutes each to answer and are worth 12 points each. Show your work for each part in the space provided after that part.

1. (10 points, suggested time 20 minutes)

In each trial of a photoelectric experiment, a scientist uses a device to shine light of a single frequency on two different metals, 1 and 2. The device can emit light with frequency f_A , f_B , or f_C . Each frequency of light is used to test both metals.

The scientist determines the minimum de Broglie wavelength λ_e of the electrons ejected from the metal in each trial of the experiment. The following table summarizes the results of the experiment. For each trial, the scientist analyzes only the electrons with the minimum de Broglie wavelength.

Trial	Frequency of Light	Metal Tested	λ_e ($\times 10^{-10}$ m)
1	f_A	Metal 1	6.9
2	f_A	Metal 2	9.4
3	f_B	Metal 1	No electrons ejected
4	f_B	Metal 2	No electrons ejected
5	f_C	Metal 1	5.3
6	f_C	Metal 2	6.3

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.

Continue your response to **QUESTION 1** on this page.

(a) In a coherent, paragraph-length response, **indicate** which frequency, f_A , f_B , or f_C , is greatest and which frequency is least. **Justify** your answer using physics principles.

(b) **Calculate** the maximum kinetic energy of the electrons ejected from Metal 1 in Trial 1. Assume that the momentum p of an ejected electron can be described by the classical definition $p = mv$.

(c) **Indicate** whether the work function of Metal 1 is greater than, less than, or equal to the work function of Metal 2. **Justify** your answer by referring to the table of results.

GO ON TO THE NEXT PAGE.