

14.9 Thin-Film Interference

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 9 marks

KEY WORDS thin film 薄膜 • thin-film interference 薄膜干涉 • phase change 相位变化 • wave 波
• wavelength 波长

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **thin-film interference**.

You must be able to:

- explain **thin-film interference** 薄膜干涉 as interference between light reflected from two surfaces
- account for the **phase change** 相位变化 on reflection from a denser medium
- relate film thickness to constructive or destructive interference

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later.

■ Thin-film interference

Light reflects from **both** the top and bottom surfaces of a thin film; the two reflected waves overlap and interfere.

■ Phase change on reflection

Reflection from a **denser** medium flips the wave by half a wavelength (a phase change of π).

■ Colours

The film **thickness** decides which wavelengths interfere constructively, giving the shifting colours of soap bubbles, oil films, and lens coatings.

2 Practice

2.1 State what causes the colours seen on a soap bubble.

[2]

2.2 State what happens to the phase of light reflecting off a denser medium. [1]

2.3 Give one everyday example of thin-film interference. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 Thin-film interference is between light reflected from [1]

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | B |
| C | D |
- A** one surface only
B the top and bottom surfaces of the film
C two separate films
D a plane mirror

3.2 Light reflecting off a denser medium undergoes a phase change of [1]

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | B |
| C | D |
- A** zero
B a quarter wavelength
C half a wavelength
D a full wavelength

3.3 A soap film shows bands of colour that change as it drains and thins.

(a) Explain why different colours appear at different thicknesses. [2]

(b) Name the effect responsible. [1]