

11.6 Kirchhoff's Loop Rule

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 9 marks

KEY WORDS conservation of energy 能量守恒 • kirchhoff's loop rule 基尔霍夫电压定律
• series 串联

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **Kirchhoff's loop rule**.

You must be able to:

- state **Kirchhoff's loop rule** 基尔霍夫电压定律: the sum of potential differences around any closed loop is zero
- explain the loop rule as a statement of **conservation of energy** 能量守恒
- apply the loop rule to write equations for a circuit

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later.

■ The loop rule

Around any closed loop, $\sum V = 0$: the potential rises across the battery equal the drops across the resistors.

■ Why it holds

A charge returning to its start has the **same** potential energy, so the total change around the loop is zero — this is conservation of energy.

■ Example

A single loop with a 12 V battery and resistors R_1 , R_2 in series: $12 = IR_1 + IR_2$.

2 Practice

2.1 State Kirchhoff's loop rule. [1]

2.2 State the conservation law that the loop rule expresses. [1]

2.3 A single loop has a 9.0 V battery and resistors $2.0\ \Omega$ and $1.0\ \Omega$ in series. Write the loop equation and find the current. [2]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 Kirchhoff's loop rule states that around a closed loop the sum of the potential differences is [1]

A	B
C	D

A a maximum

B zero

C equal to the emf only

D always negative

3.2 The loop rule is a statement of conservation of [1]

A	B
C	D

A charge

B energy

C momentum

D mass

3.3 A single loop contains a 6.0 V battery and resistors of $4.0\ \Omega$ and $2.0\ \Omega$ in series.

(a) Write the loop equation. [2]

(b) Find the current. [1]