

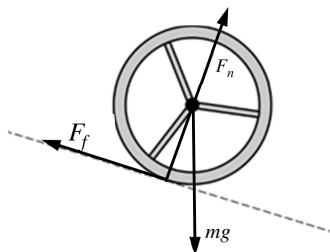
2016 SCORING GUIDELINES

Question 1

7 points total

Distribution
of points

- (a)
i. 2 points



- For a labeled arrow representing the gravitational force, starting at the wheel's center and directed downward 1 point
- For labeled arrows representing the friction and normal forces or a single arrow representing the resultant of the friction and normal forces (i.e., the force exerted on the wheel by the surface), with no extraneous forces 1 point
- The friction force should start at the wheel-ramp contact and be directed up and left along the ramp.
- The normal force should start at the wheel-ramp contact and be perpendicular to the ramp and toward the wheel's center. It does not have to go exactly through the center but must come reasonably close.

- ii. 1 point

- Correct answer: The friction force
No points are earned if the wrong force is given.
- For correctly explaining that friction is the only force that exerts a torque with respect to the wheel's center of mass 1 point
- This point is also earned for a causal chain of reasoning about forces: e.g., the gravitational force leads to a normal force (and acceleration down the ramp), which leads to a frictional force, which exerts a torque (or changes the angular velocity).

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Question 1 (continued)

Distribution
of points

- (b) 2 points

For an expression for the sum of the force components parallel to the ramp that recognizes that there are two forces with components parallel to the ramp 1 point

The expression need not be correct or consistent with the force diagram in part (a).

$$\sum F_{\parallel} = Mg \sin \theta - F_f$$

For indicating that the frictional force is $(0.4)Mg \sin \theta$ (explicitly or implicitly) and correctly solving for the acceleration in terms of correct variables 1 point

$$\sum F_{\parallel} = Mg \sin \theta - (0.4)Mg \sin \theta$$

$$a = \frac{\sum F_{\parallel}}{M} = \frac{Mg \sin \theta - 0.4Mg \sin \theta}{M} = \frac{0.6Mg \sin \theta}{M}$$

$$a = 0.6g \sin \theta$$

- (c)

- i. 1 point

Correct answer: Block

No credit for answer without explanation.

For a correct explanation in terms of forces

Example: The wheel experiences a counteracting frictional force, so the block has a greater net force exerted upon it and therefore has greater acceleration. 1 point

- ii. 1 point

For a correct explanation in terms of energy conservation

Example: Both object-Earth systems lose the same amount of potential energy and therefore gain the same amount of kinetic energy. With the ice block — but not the wheel — all the kinetic energy is translational, and none is rotational, so the block is faster. 1 point