

8.4 Fluids and Conservation Laws

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 9 marks

KEY WORDS continuity 连续性 • bernoulli's principle 伯努利原理
 • continuity equation 连续性方程 • fluid 流体 • pressure 压强

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **fluids and conservation laws**.

You must be able to:

- apply **conservation of mass** with the **continuity equation** 连续性方程 $A_1v_1 = A_2v_2$
- apply **conservation of energy** with **Bernoulli's principle** 伯努利原理
- explain why a fluid speeds up through a narrow section and its pressure drops

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later.

■ Continuity (conservation of mass)

$A_1v_1 = A_2v_2$: a **narrower** pipe forces the fluid to flow **faster**.

■ Bernoulli (conservation of energy)

Where a fluid flows **faster**, its **pressure is lower**. This lift-and-spray effect explains aeroplane wings and perfume atomisers.

■ Example

Flow narrowing from 0.02 m^2 to 0.005 m^2 with $v_1 = 1.0 \text{ m s}^{-1}$: $v_2 = \frac{0.02 \times 1.0}{0.005} = 4.0 \text{ m s}^{-1}$.

2 Practice

2.1 Water flows through a pipe that narrows from 0.020 m^2 to 0.0050 m^2 . If $v = 1.0 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ in the wide part, find the speed in the narrow part. [2]

2.2 State what happens to the fluid pressure where the flow speeds up. [1]

2.3 State the continuity equation. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 As a fluid flows into a narrower pipe, its speed [1]

A	B
C	D

A decreases

B increases

C stays constant

D drops to zero

3.2 Where a fluid flows faster, its pressure is [1]

A	B
C	D

A higher

B lower

C unchanged

D zero

3.3 Water (incompressible) flows at 2.0 m s^{-1} through a pipe of area 0.010 m^2 that narrows to 0.0040 m^2 .

(a) Find the speed in the narrow section. [2]

(b) Explain what happens to the pressure there. [1]