

8.2 Pressure

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 9 marks

KEY WORDS pressure 压强 • depth 深度 • fluid 流体 • density 密度

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **pressure**.

You must be able to:

- define **pressure** 压强 as force per unit area, $P = \frac{F}{A}$
- calculate the pressure due to a column of fluid, $P = \rho gh$
- explain how pressure increases with **depth** and acts in all directions

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later.

■ Pressure

$P = \frac{F}{A}$, measured in pascals (1 Pa = 1 N m⁻²). The same force over a smaller area gives more pressure.

■ Pressure in a fluid

$P = \rho gh$ increases with **depth** h and acts equally in **all directions** at a given depth.

■ Example

At 2.0 m depth in water ($\rho = 1000$, $g = 10$): $P = 1000 \times 10 \times 2.0 = 2.0 \times 10^4$ Pa.

2 Practice

2.1 A force of 200 N acts on an area of 0.50 m². Find the pressure. [1]

2.2 Find the pressure 5.0 m below the surface of a lake ($\rho = 1000 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$, $g = 10 \text{ m s}^{-2}$). [2]

2.3 State how the pressure in a fluid changes with depth. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 Pressure is defined as [1]

A	B
C	D

A force $\times$ area

B force $\div$ area

C mass $\div$ volume

D density $\times$ depth only

3.2 The pressure due to a column of fluid depends on [1]

A	B
C	D

A the shape of the container

B the surface area

C the depth and the fluid density

D the total volume

3.3 A diver is 12 m below the sea surface ($\rho = 1030 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$, $g = 10 \text{ m s}^{-2}$).

(a) Find the pressure due to the water. [2]

(b) Find the total pressure if atmospheric pressure is 1.0×10^5 Pa. [1]