

1.2 Displacement, Velocity, and Acceleration

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 14 marks

KEY WORDS position 位置 • velocity 速度 • distance 距离 • speed 速率 • displacement 位移

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **displacement, velocity, and acceleration** — the language of motion along a line.

You must be able to:

- define **position** 位置 and **displacement** 位移 $\Delta x = x_f - x_i$ (a vector)
- find **average velocity** 平均速度 $v_{avg} = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}$ and describe **instantaneous velocity** 瞬时速度
- tell **speed** 速率 (scalar) from **velocity** 速度 (vector), and see when their sizes differ
- find **average acceleration** 加速度 $a_{avg} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}$
- decide if an object is **speeding up** or **slowing down** from the signs of v and a

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later.

■ Displacement vs distance

Displacement is the change in position (a vector); **distance** 距离 is the path length (a scalar). A runner goes +100 m east then −40 m west:

- displacement = $(+100) + (-40) = +60$ m (60 m east)
- distance = $100 + 40 = 140$ m

■ Average velocity and acceleration

Use the change over the interval:

$$v_{avg} = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta t}, \quad a_{avg} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t}.$$

A car speeds from 8 m s^{-1} to 20 m s^{-1} in 4 s: $a = \frac{20 - 8}{4} = +3 \text{ m s}^{-2}$.

■ Speeding up or slowing down

Compare the **signs** of v and a :

- same sign $\rightarrow$ speeding up
- opposite signs $\rightarrow$ slowing down

A ball moving in the $+$ direction with $a = -2 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ is slowing down.

2 Practice

2.1 A cyclist rides $+300 \text{ m}$ then returns -120 m . State (a) the displacement and (b) the distance travelled. [2]

2.2 A car's velocity changes from $+30 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ to $+12 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ in 6.0 s . Find its average acceleration. [2]

2.3 An object moves in the $+$ direction while its acceleration is -4 m s^{-2} . State whether it is speeding up or slowing down, and why. [2]

2.4 In 5.0 s a train's displacement is $+250 \text{ m}$. Find its average velocity. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 Which pair are **both** vectors? [1]

A	B
C	D

A speed and distance

B velocity and displacement

C speed and velocity

D distance and displacement

3.2 An object has velocity -6 m s^{-1} and acceleration -2 m s^{-2} . The object is [1]

A	B
C	D

A speeding up

B slowing down

C at rest

D moving at constant velocity

3.3 A jogger runs one full lap of a 400 m track, returning to the start, in 100 s.

(a) State the total distance run. [1]

(b) State the magnitude of the displacement. [1]

(c) Hence find the average velocity for the lap. [1]

3.4 A stone's velocity changes from $+5 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ to -5 m s^{-1} in 2.0 s.

(a) Find the average acceleration. [1]

(b) Explain why the answer is negative even though the final speed equals the initial speed. [1]