

Exercise walk-through

Forces and Free-Body Diagrams ■ 2.2

eXercise

You must be able to

- describe a **force** 力 as a push or pull, measured in **newtons** 牛顿
- distinguish **contact forces** 接触力 (normal, friction) from **long-range forces** 长程力 (gravity)
- draw a **free-body diagram** 受力图 showing every force on one object as a labelled arrow
- find the **net force** 合力 by adding the force vectors

Method — What goes on a free-body diagram

Only the forces acting **on** the chosen object: weight (mg , down), normal force (F_N , perpendicular to the surface), friction (f , along the surface), tension (T , along a rope), and any applied push. Never draw a “motion” arrow.

Method — Net force

Add the force components. A box pulled +10 N to the right against 4 N of friction:

$$F_{net} = 10 - 4 = 6 \text{ N to the right.}$$

Method — Types of force

Contact: normal, friction, tension, applied push. **Long-range (field):** gravity (and, later, electric and magnetic).

Practice 2.1 ■ 2 marks

A book rests on a table. Name the two forces acting on it and their directions.

Solution 2.1

Method: What goes on a free-body diagram

Worked steps

weight, acting downward; and the normal force from the table, acting upward

B1 **B1**.

Practice 2.2 ■ 2 marks

State whether each is a contact or a long-range force: (a) weight, (b) friction, (c) normal force, (d) the gravitational pull of the Moon.

Solution 2.2

Method: Types of force

Worked steps

(a) long-range; (b) contact; (c) contact; (d) long-range **B1** **B1** *for any two correct, for all four.*

Practice 2.3 ■ 1 mark

A crate is pushed to the right with 25 N while 9.0 N of friction acts. Find the net horizontal force.

Solution 2.3

Method: Net force

Worked steps

$25 - 9.0 = 16$ N to the right **B1**.

Practice 2.4 ■ 1 mark

A lamp of weight 15 N hangs in equilibrium from a single cord. State the tension in the cord.

Solution 2.4

Method: What goes on a free-body diagram

Worked steps

15 N (equal to the weight, since it is in equilibrium) **B1**.

Exam-style 3.1 ■ 1 mark

Which force is a long-range (field) force?

A the normal force

B friction

C gravity

D tension

Solution 3.1

Method: Types of force

A the normal force

B friction

C gravity



D tension

Worked steps

C.

Exam-style 3.2 ■ 1 mark

On a free-body diagram of a sliding box, which arrow should **not** appear?

A weight

B normal force

C friction

D the box's velocity

Solution 3.2

Method: What goes on a free-body diagram

- A weight
- B normal force
- C friction
- D the box's velocity



Worked steps

D.

Exam-style 3.3 ■ 1 mark

A 2.0 kg sign hangs at rest from two vertical cords, each with tension T (take $g = 10 \text{ m s}^{-2}$).

- (a) List the forces on the sign (a free-body diagram in words).
- (b) Find the tension in each cord.

Solution 3.3

Method: What goes on a free-body diagram

Worked steps

(a) weight mg downward; two tension forces T upward **B1**. (b) $2T = mg = 20 \text{ N}$, so $T = 10 \text{ N}$ **M1** **A1**.