

Exercise walk-through

Socially Efficient and Inefficient Market Outcomes ■ 6.1

eXercise

You must be able to

- explain that a market is **socially efficient** 社会效率 when **marginal social benefit** equals **marginal social cost**
- relate the efficient outcome to the maximization of **total surplus**
- explain how **market power** leads to underproduction and a **deadweight loss**
- define **market failure** 市场失灵

Method — Social efficiency

A market is socially efficient where **marginal social benefit (MSB) = marginal social cost (MSC)** — this maximizes **total surplus**.

Method — Market power

A firm with market power **underproduces** (produces where $P > MC$), so some mutually beneficial units are lost — a **deadweight loss**.

Method — Market failure

Any outcome in which a market **fails to allocate resources efficiently** (from market power, externalities, public goods, and so on).

Practice 2.1 ■ 1 mark

State the condition for a socially efficient market outcome.

Solution 2.1

Method: Social efficiency

Worked steps

where marginal social benefit equals marginal social cost **B1**.

Practice 2.2 ■ 1 mark

Define market failure.

Solution 2.2

Method: Market failure

Worked steps

an outcome in which the market fails to allocate resources efficiently **B1**.

Practice 2.3 ■ 2 marks

Explain how market power leads to a deadweight loss.

Solution 2.3

Method: Market power

Worked steps

market power leads to producing where $P > MC$ (underproduction) **B1**, so some beneficial trades are lost — a deadweight loss **B1**.

Exam-style 3.1 ■ 1 mark

A market is socially efficient where

A $MSB > MSC$

B $MSB = MSC$

C $MSB < MSC$

D the price is zero

Solution 3.1

Method: Social efficiency

A $MSB > MSC$

B $MSB = MSC$ 

C $MSB < MSC$

D the price is zero

Worked steps

B.

Exam-style 3.2 ■ 1 mark

Market failure is when a market

- A** maximizes total surplus
- B** fails to allocate resources efficiently
- C** is perfectly competitive
- D** has no firms

Solution 3.2

Method: Market failure

- A maximizes total surplus
- B fails to allocate resources efficiently 
- C is perfectly competitive
- D has no firms

Worked steps

B.

Exam-style 3.3 ■ 1 mark

A monopoly restricts output below the efficient level.

- (a) State the effect on total surplus.
- (b) Name the loss this creates.
- (c) State whether this is a market failure.

Solution 3.3

Method: Social efficiency

Worked steps

(a) it falls **B1**. (b) a deadweight loss **B1**. (c) yes **B1**.