

Question 2: Short**5 points**

- (a) Calculate real GDP in Louland in year 2 as 900,000 and show your work. **1 point**

$$\text{Real GDP} = \frac{\text{Nominal GDP}}{\text{GDP Deflator}} \times 100 = \frac{1,035,000}{115} \times 100 = 900,000$$

- (b) State that the demand for money would increase and the nominal interest rate would increase. **1 point**

- (c) State that the standard of living of the average citizen in Louland decreased from year 1 to year 2 and explain that the real GDP per capita in year 1 was 800 and the real GDP per capita in year 2 was 750. **1 point**

- (d) State that the inflation rate from year 1 to year 2 was 15%. **1 point**

- (e) State that real wages decreased and explain that nominal wages increased by less than the inflation rate ($10\% < 15\%$). **1 point**

Total for question 2 5 points**Question 2: Short****5 points**

- (a) Calculate the nominal GDP in Maltrose in year 2 as \$210 and show your work. **1 point**

$$\text{Nominal GDP}_{\text{Year 2}} = (\$13 \times 10) + (\$4 \times 20) = \$210$$

- (b) Calculate the GDP deflator in Maltrose in year 2 as 105 and show your work. **1 point**

$$\text{GDP Deflator}_{\text{Year 2}} = \frac{\text{Nominal GDP}_{\text{Year 2}}}{\text{Real GDP}_{\text{Year 2}}} \times 100 = \frac{\$210}{(\$10 \times 10) + (\$5 \times 20)} \times 100 = 105$$

- (c) State that the inflation rate from year 1 to year 2 was 5%. **1 point**

- (d) (i) State that people living on a fixed income were worse off. **1 point**

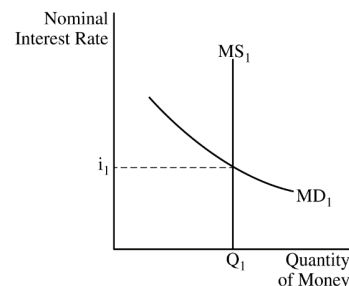
- (ii) State that borrowers with fixed-interest-rate loans were better off because the real value of their debt decreased by more than they expected or because the real interest rate was lower than expected. **1 point**

Total for part (d) 2 points**Total for question 2 5 points****Question 2: Short****5 points**

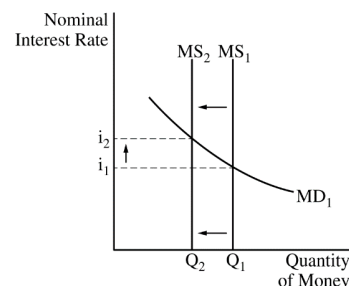
- (a) Calculate the maximum change in the money supply as a decrease of \$500,000 and show your work. **1 point**

$$\text{Change in MS} = \text{Bond Sale} \times \text{Money Multiplier} = -\$100,000 \times \frac{1}{0.2} = -\$500,000$$

- (b) Draw a correctly labeled graph of the money market. **1 point**



- For the second point, the graph must show a leftward shift in the money supply curve, resulting in a higher nominal interest rate. **1 point**

**Total for part (b) 2 points**

- (c) State that nominal gross domestic product will decrease and explain that according to the quantity theory of money ($MV=PY$), a decrease in the money supply will decrease nominal gross domestic product for a given velocity. **1 point**

- (d) State that the price level decreases. **1 point**

Total for question 2 5 points

Question 3: Short**5 points**

(a)	State that the cyclical rate of unemployment in Flowerland is 2%.	1 point
(b) (i)	State that aggregate demand will increase and explain that net exports will increase.	1 point
(ii)	State that cyclical unemployment will decrease.	1 point
Total for part (b)		2 points
(c)	Calculate the price index for year 2020 as 130 and show your work.	1 point
$\frac{\text{Value of the market basket in 2020}}{\text{Value of the market basket in 2019}} \times 100 = \frac{(\$4 \times 40) + (\$25 \times 4)}{(\$3 \times 40) + (\$20 \times 4)} \times 100 = \frac{\$260}{\$200} \times 100 = 130$		
(d)	State that the standard of living of the average citizen of Flowerland will decrease and explain that the increase in nominal income (20%) is less than the inflation rate (30%).	1 point
Total for question 3		5 points