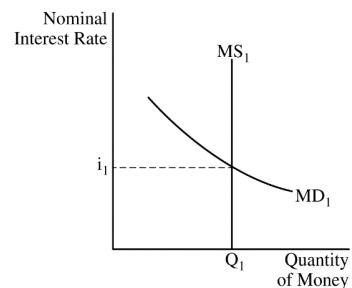


Question 2: Short**5 points**

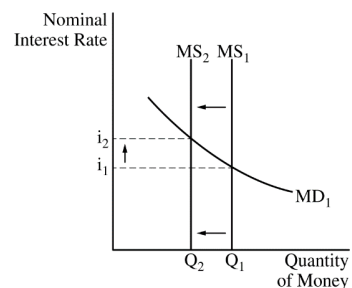
- (a) Calculate the maximum change in the money supply as a decrease of \$500,000 and show your work. **1 point**

$$\text{Change in MS} = \text{Bond Sale} \times \text{Money Multiplier} = -\$100,000 \times \frac{1}{0.2} = -\$500,000$$

- (b) Draw a correctly labeled graph of the money market. **1 point**

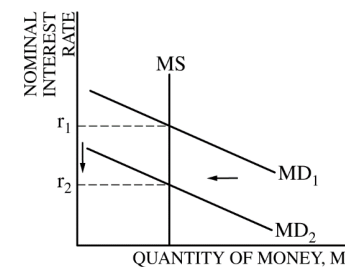


- For the second point, the graph must show a leftward shift in the money supply curve, resulting in a higher nominal interest rate. **1 point**

**Total for part (b) 2 points**

- (c) State that nominal gross domestic product will decrease and explain that according to the quantity theory of money ($MV=PY$), a decrease in the money supply will decrease nominal gross domestic product for a given velocity. **1 point**

- (d) State that the price level decreases. **1 point**

Total for question 2 5 points**AP® MACROECONOMICS
2017 SCORING GUIDELINES****Question 2****6 points** (2 + 2 + 1 + 1)

- (a) 2 points:

- One point is earned for drawing a correctly labeled graph of the money market.
- One point is earned for showing a leftward shift in the money demand curve, resulting in a lower nominal interest rate.

- (b) 2 points:

- One point is earned for stating that the price of previously issued bonds will increase.
- One point is earned for stating that both the price level and real income will increase and for explaining that the lower interest rate will increase consumption, investment, and/or net exports (interest-sensitive spending), which increases aggregate demand.

- (c) 1 point:

- One point is earned for stating that the velocity of money will increase.

- (d) 1 point:

- One point is earned for stating that the central bank would sell bonds.