

Exercise walk-through

Aggregate Demand (AD) ■ 3.1

eXercise

You must be able to

- define **aggregate demand** 总需求 as total real output demanded at each price level
- explain the downward slope using the **wealth**, **interest rate**, and **exchange rate** effects
- identify the components: consumption, investment, government spending, net exports
- distinguish a movement along AD from a **shift** of AD

Method — Aggregate demand

The total quantity of real output all buyers want at each price level.

Method — Why AD slopes down

- **Wealth effect** — a lower price level raises the real value of money.
- **Interest rate effect** — lower prices lower interest rates, boosting investment.
- **Exchange rate effect** — lower prices make exports cheaper.

Method — Components and shifts

$AD = C + I + G + (X - M)$. A change in any component (e.g. confidence, interest rates, expectations) **shifts** the whole AD curve.

Practice 2.1 ■ 1 mark

Define aggregate demand.

Solution 2.1

Method: Aggregate demand

Worked steps

the total quantity of real output demanded in an economy at each price level **B1**.

Practice 2.2 ■ 2 marks

Name the three effects that explain the downward slope of AD.

Solution 2.2

Worked steps

the wealth effect, the interest rate effect, the exchange rate effect **B1** **B1** *for any two; for all three.*

Practice 2.3 ■ 2 marks

List the four components of aggregate demand.

Solution 2.3

Method: Aggregate demand

Worked steps

consumption, investment, government spending, net exports **B1** **B1** *for two; for all four.*

Exam-style 3.1 ■ 1 mark

The AD curve slopes downward partly because of the

A wealth effect

B law of supply

C menu costs

D multiplier

Solution 3.1

A wealth effect



B law of supply

C menu costs

D multiplier

Worked steps

A.

Exam-style 3.2 ■ 1 mark

A rise in consumer confidence shifts AD

A to the left

B to the right

C not at all

D vertically

Solution 3.2

Method: Components and shifts

A to the left

B to the right



C not at all

D vertically

Worked steps

B.

Exam-style 3.3 ■ 1 mark

Investment spending falls sharply across the economy.

- (a) State the effect on aggregate demand.
- (b) State the direction AD shifts.
- (c) Name one other component of AD.

Solution 3.3

Worked steps

(a) AD falls **B1**. (b) to the left **B1**. (c) any one of: consumption, government spending, net exports **B1**.