

6. Cities and Urban Land-Use Patterns and Processes Starter Quiz · 课前小测

AP Human Geography

Name: _____ Score: _____

1. Urbanization is best defined as...
 - ☐ any city getting bigger
 - ☐ the rising share of people living in cities
 - ☐ building more farms
 - ☐ people leaving cities
2. A city with more than 10 million people is a...
 - ☐ suburb
 - ☐ megacity
 - ☐ hamlet
 - ☐ food desert
3. New York, London, and Tokyo are examples of...
 - ☐ informal settlements
 - ☐ world cities
 - ☐ food deserts
 - ☐ suburbs
4. The rule that the n th-largest city is $1/n$ the size of the largest is the...
 - ☐ primate rule
 - ☐ rank-size rule
 - ☐ bid-rent rule
 - ☐ gravity model
5. The urban model with several separate centres, not one CBD, is the...
 - ☐ concentric zone model
 - ☐ sector model
 - ☐ multiple nuclei model
 - ☐ bid-rent model
6. A city's site refers to its physical features, like a harbour or a hill.
 - ☐ True ☐ False

7. The fastest urban growth in the world today is in developing regions.
- ☐ True ☐ False
8. A city is a world city mainly because of its command of the global economy, not just its size.
- ☐ True ☐ False
9. A primate city is more than twice the size of the country's second city.
- ☐ True ☐ False
10. The sector model grows in wedges along transport routes.
- ☐ True ☐ False

AP Human Geography

1. **the rising share of people living in cities**

Urbanization = a rising *percentage* of people in cities.

2. **megacity**

A **megacity** exceeds 10 million people.

3. **world cities**

World cities command the global economy.

4. **rank-size rule**

The **rank-size rule** gives a smooth size distribution.

5. **multiple nuclei model**

The **multiple nuclei model** has several hubs.

6. **True**

Site = physical features; **situation** = relative location.

7. **True**

Asia, Africa, and Latin America lead urban growth today.

8. **True**

Finance, headquarters, and connections define a world city.

9. **True**

A **primate city** dominates, dwarfing all others.

10. **True**

Hoyt's **sector model** organises land into transport-aligned wedges.