

Solutions

Each answer shows the steps, then the **result**.

2.1

- meeting present needs without preventing future generations from meeting theirs

2.2

- the amount of land/resources a population uses; if larger than the Earth can renew, it is unsustainable

2.3

(a)

- ecotourism

(b)

- income/jobs while protecting the environment

3.1 B

- balancing present and future needs = sustainable development

3.2 A

- resource-use measure = ecological footprint

3.3

(a)

- to end poverty and protect the planet through shared global targets

(b)

- growth can raise resource use/pollution, which must be balanced against environmental limits