

5.9 The Global System of Agriculture

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 10 marks

KEY WORDS global supply chain 全球供应链 • fair trade 公平贸易

- global system of agriculture 全球农业体系
- food export dependence 粮食出口依赖
- agriculture 农业

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on the **global system of agriculture** 全球农业体系.

You must be able to:

- explain how food is now traded in global supply chains
- define **food export dependence** 粮食出口依赖
- explain **fair trade** 公平贸易
- state one benefit and one risk of global food trade

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a task used later.

■ Global supply chains

Food now moves through **global supply chains**: a crop grown in one country is processed in another and sold worldwide, linking distant producers and consumers.

■ Export dependence

Some countries rely heavily on exporting one or two farm commodities. This **export dependence** makes them vulnerable to world price swings.

■ Fair trade

Fair trade aims to pay producers in poorer countries a fairer, more stable price, improving their livelihoods.

2 Practice

2.1 Explain what a global food supply chain is. [2]

2.2 Explain the risk of depending on one export crop. [2]

2.3 A cooperative sells coffee under a fair-trade label.

(a) State the aim of fair trade. [1]

(b) State one benefit to the farmers. [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 A country whose economy depends on exporting a single farm commodity is vulnerable to [1]

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | B |
| C | D |
- A** stable prices
B world price swings for that commodity
C too much crop diversity
D low transport costs

3.2 Fair trade primarily aims to [1]

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | B |
| C | D |
- A** lower all food prices
B give producers in poorer countries a fairer price
C end global trade
D increase monoculture

3.3 Fresh fruit in a winter supermarket was grown on another continent.

(a) State what this shows about the food system. [1]

(b) State one drawback of such long supply chains. [1]
