

5. Agriculture and Rural Land-Use Patterns and Processes

Starter Quiz ·

AP Human Geography

Name: _____ Score: _____

1. Farming that grows food to sell for profit is called...
 - ☐ nomadism
 - ☐ commercial agriculture
 - ☐ subsistence agriculture
 - ☐ intensive farming
2. Homes grouped closely together form a _____ settlement.
 - ☐ linear
 - ☐ random
 - ☐ dispersed
 - ☐ clustered
3. The first domestication of plants and animals is called the...
 - ☐ Industrial Revolution
 - ☐ Green Revolution
 - ☐ First (Neolithic) Agricultural Revolution
 - ☐ demographic transition
4. The Second Agricultural Revolution mainly used the tools of the...
 - ☐ internet age
 - ☐ Neolithic era
 - ☐ Industrial Revolution
 - ☐ Green Revolution
5. The Green Revolution mainly raised food output by introducing...
 - ☐ supranational organisations
 - ☐ high-yield seed varieties
 - ☐ more farmland
 - ☐ colonial borders
6. The bid-rent curve shows land value falling as distance from the market grows.
 - ☐ True ☐ False

7. Perishable products like dairy locate in the ring nearest the market.
- ☐ True ☐ False
8. Depending on a single export commodity makes a country vulnerable to world price swings.
- ☐ True ☐ False
9. Growing only a few crop types reduces biodiversity and increases pest risk.
- ☐ True ☐ False
10. Women who farm the land usually own most of it legally.
- ☐ True ☐ False

5. Agriculture and Rural Land-Use Patterns and Processes

Answers ·

AP Human Geography

1. **commercial agriculture**

Commercial agriculture produces for sale, not just the family.

2. **clustered**

Clustered (nucleated) settlements group homes together.

3. **First (Neolithic) Agricultural Revolution**

The **First (Neolithic) Agricultural Revolution** began farming.

4. **Industrial Revolution**

It applied **Industrial Revolution** machines and transport to farming.

5. **high-yield seed varieties**

High-yield varieties, plus fertiliser and irrigation, drove the Green Revolution.

6. **True**

Land is dearest at the market and cheaper farther out.

7. **True**

Perishable, high-value goods crowd Ring 1, nearest the market.

8. **True**

A price crash in the main crop can devastate the economy.

9. **True**

Monoculture lowers **biodiversity** and makes crops vulnerable.

10. **False**

Women often do the work but own little of the land – a key barrier.