

4. Scientific, Philosophical, and Political Developments

Starter Quiz ·

AP European History

Name: _____ Score: _____

1. This unit follows which half of unit 1's opening sentence?
 - ☐ both equally
 - ☐ observation of the natural world
 - ☐ the rediscovered texts
 - ☐ neither
2. The CED puts which claim before the heliocentric conclusion?
 - ☐ the invention of the telescope
 - ☐ questioning the authority of the ancients
 - ☐ the printing press
 - ☐ the fall of Rome
3. Select **all** the concepts the CED says Enlightenment thought focused on.
 - ☐ divine right
 - ☐ classical sources of knowledge
 - ☐ human reason and rationalism
 - ☐ empiricism and scepticism

Tick every correct option.

4. Select **all** the causes of 17th-century food disruption the CED names.
 - ☐ small landholdings
 - ☐ urban migration
 - ☐ poor transportation and adverse weather
 - ☐ low-productivity agricultural practices

Tick every correct option.

5. The CED presents public opinion as something that...
 - ☐ was abolished
 - ☐ was purely religious
 - ☐ developed in this period
 - ☐ always existed

6. The CED's verb for enlightened absolutism is...

- ☐ abolished
- ☐ experimented with
- ☐ exported
- ☐ established

7. Select **all** the orders the unit's method was turned on.

- ☐ divine right
- ☐ mercantilism
- ☐ the printing press
- ☐ ancient authority in nature

Tick every correct option.

8. The Enlightenment is the _____ of Scientific Revolution methods to political, social and ethical issues.

9. Harvey's work challenged which traditional theory?

- ☐ the social contract
- ☐ Galen's humoral theory
- ☐ heliocentrism
- ☐ mercantilism

10. The CED presents the exclusion of women as an outside criticism of the Enlightenment.

- ☐ True ☐ False

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Answers ·

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1. **observation of the natural world**

1.2 followed the texts; the Scientific Revolution is the observation thread.

2. **questioning the authority of the ancients**

The revolution is first about who decides what is true.

3. **classical sources of knowledge; human reason and rationalism; empiricism and scepticism**

Divine right is what the political theories replaced.

4. **small landholdings; poor transportation and adverse weather; low-productivity agricultural practices**

Migration is a consequence of later growth, not a cause of famine.

5. **developed in this period**

It required a literate public, varied print and a contested subject.

6. **experimented with**

A limited, revocable adoption, not a change of system.

7. **divine right; mercantilism; ancient authority in nature**

Religion's public role completes the four; printing is a means, not a target.

8. **application**

The mechanism is written in the CED's sentence.

9. **Galen's humoral theory**

The body as an integrated system replaced four fluids in balance.

10. **False**

It states it as part of the movement – evidence for 4.1's *not unchallenged*.