19th-Century Perspectives and Political Developments

AP European History · Vocabulary in context

Word	Example
subjectivity and individual expression /ˌsʌbdʒɪkˈtɪvɪti ænd ˌɪndɪˈvɪdʒuːəl ekˈspreʃn/	Romantic art valued **subjectivity and individual expression**.
Congress of Vienna	The **Congress of Vienna** tried to stop future revolutions.
Concert of Europe /ˈkɒnsət ɒv ˈjʊərəp/	The **Concert of Europe** kept peace through meetings of the great powers.
romantic idealism /rəʊˈmæntɪk aɪˈdɪəlɪzəm/	**Romantic idealism** inspired people to fight for their nation.
Napoleon III /nəˈpəʊliən ðə θɜːd/	**Napoleon III** ruled France as emperor.
Cavour /kəˈvɜː/	**Cavour** helped unite Italy.
Bismarck /ˈbɪsmɑːk/	**Bismarck** united Germany.
Zionism /ˈzaɪənɪzəm/	**Zionism** called for a Jewish homeland.
dual monarchy of Austria-Hungary /ˈdjuːəl ˈmɒnəki ɒv ˈɒstrɪə ˈhʌŋgəri/	The **dual monarchy of Austria-Hungary** had one ruler for two states.
Crimean War /kraɪˈmɪən wɔː/	The **Crimean War** set Russia against Britain, France and the Ottomans.
Garibaldi's /ˌgɑːrɪˈbɔːldiz/	**Garibaldi's** Red Shirts conquered southern Italy.

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Bismarck used Realpolitik /ˈbɪsmɑːk juːzd ˈrɪəlpəlɪtɪk/	**Bismarck used Realpolitik**: practical power, not ideals.
complex system of alliances /ˈkɒmpleks ˈsɪstəm ɒv əˈlaɪənsɪz/	A **complex system of alliances** linked the great powers.
mutually antagonistic alliances /ˈmjuːtʃuːəli ænˈtægənɪstɪk əˈlaɪənsɪz/	Europe split into **mutually antagonistic alliances** before 1914. 1914
Charles Darwin /tʃɑːlz ˈdɑːwɪn/	**Charles Darwin** explained evolution by natural selection.
Social Darwinism /ˈsəʊʃl ˈdɑːwɪnɪzəm/	**Social Darwinism** wrongly used evolution to justify empire.
natural selection /ˈnætʃərəl sɪˈlekʃn/	**Natural selection** means the best-suited animals survive and have young.
Positivism /ˈpɒzɪtɪvɪzəm/	**Positivism** said science could explain society.
new relativism in values /njuː ˈrelətɪvɪzəm ɪn ˈvæljuːz/	A **new relativism in values** questioned fixed rules of right and wrong.
modernism /ˈmɒdənɪzəm/	**Modernism** broke with old styles in art and writing.
Communication and transportation technologies /kəˌmjuːnɪˈkeɪʃn ænd trænspɔːˈteɪʃn tekˈnɒlədʒiz/	**Communication and transportation technologies** like the telegraph linked empires.
Advances in medicine /ədˈvænsɪz ɪn ˈmedsn/	**Advances in medicine** helped Europeans survive in the tropics.

Word	Example
quinine	**Quinine** protected Europeans from malaria.
Berlin Conference	At the **Berlin Conference**, Europeans divided Africa.
Realist and materialist /ˈrɪəlɪst ænd məˈtɪərɪəlɪst/	**Realist and materialist** writers showed everyday life as it was.
Impressionism, Post-Impressionism, and Cubism /ɪmˈpreʃənɪzəm pəʊst ɪmˈpreʃənɪzəm ænd ˈkjuːbɪzəm/	**Impressionism, Post-Impressionism, and Cubism** broke the old rules of painting.

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