

Solutions

Each answer shows the steps, then the **result**.

2.1

- Habitat loss

2.2

- Any one: protected areas, laws, captive breeding, corridors

2.3

- It has low genetic diversity and is vulnerable to disease, inbreeding, and chance events

3.1 B

- pollution

3.2

(a)

- Any two: protected areas/habitat restoration, laws banning hunting/trade, captive breeding

(b)

- A small population has low genetic diversity, so it is vulnerable to disease, inbreeding, and random events that could wipe it out

3.3

- CITES restricts or bans international trade in threatened species, reducing the demand that drives overexploitation, so fewer are hunted or collected