

5.9 Impacts of Mining

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Total: 9 marks

KEY WORDS surface 露天开采 • mining 采矿 • subsurface 地下开采
• acid mine drainage 酸性矿山废水

Objective

Build the skills to answer exam questions on **impacts of mining**.

You must be able to:

- compare **surface** 露天开采 and **subsurface** 地下开采 mining
- describe impacts (habitat loss, **acid mine drainage** 酸性矿山废水, tailings)
- suggest reclamation

1 Worked examples

Study these first. Each one shows the method for a question type used later — follow the steps and you can do the Practice and Exam-style questions yourself.

■ Two mining types

- **Surface mining** (open-pit, strip, mountaintop removal) — removes overlying rock/soil; cheap but destroys large areas of habitat.
- **Subsurface mining** — tunnels underground; less surface damage but more dangerous for workers.

■ Impacts

- **Habitat destruction** and soil removal.
- **Acid mine drainage** — water reacting with exposed sulfide rock becomes acidic and toxic, polluting streams.
- **Tailings** — leftover waste that can leach toxic metals.

■ Reclamation

Reclamation restores mined land — replacing soil, replanting vegetation, and treating polluted water — to recover some ecosystem function.

■ A worked link

Rain washing through exposed sulfide-rich rock produces acid mine drainage that lowers stream pH and kills aquatic life downstream.

2 Practice

Now apply the methods above.

2.1 State one difference between surface and subsurface mining. [1]

2.2 What is acid mine drainage? [1]

2.3 What is reclamation? [1]

3 Exam-style questions

3.1 Acid mine drainage harms streams by [1]

- | | |
|---|---|
| A | B |
| C | D |
- A** raising their pH
 - B** lowering their pH and adding toxic metals
 - C** adding oxygen
 - D** cooling the water

3.2 A company strip-mines a forested hillside.

(a) State two environmental impacts. [2]

(b) Suggest one way to restore the land afterward. [1]

3.3 Explain how acid mine drainage forms and why it harms aquatic life. [2]